

Early stage development of precipitation strengthened CCAs in the AlCrFeNiTi system for high temperature structural applications

15.02.2018



MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT FÜR EISENFORSCHUNG

Silas Wolff-Goodrich
and Christian Liebscher

In Collaboration With:
Dr. Konda G. Pradeep
and Marshal Amalraj

MATERIALS
CHEMISTRY

RWTHAACHEN
UNIVERSITY



Motivation and application of interest

CCA development methodology

Material system of interest

Work plan

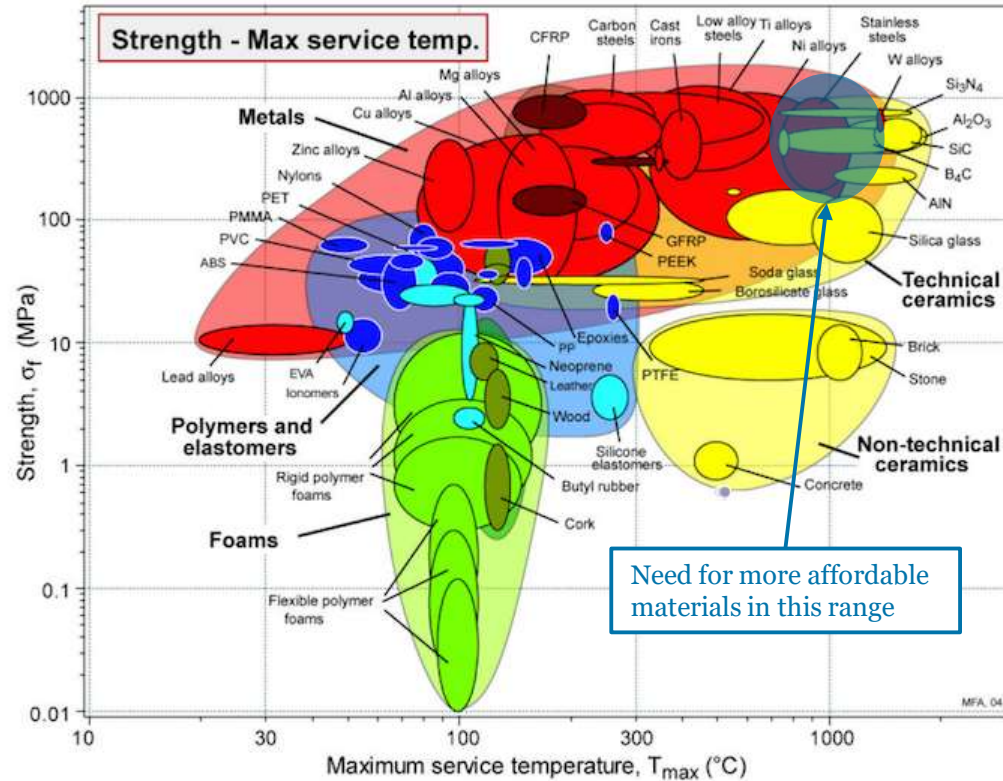
Preliminary work

Summary

Next steps ...

Novel high temperature materials needed!

Steam turbines are used to generate ~80% world's energy



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:ASHBY_D.png



<http://www.mechscience.com/steam-turbine-introduction-and-principle-operations/>

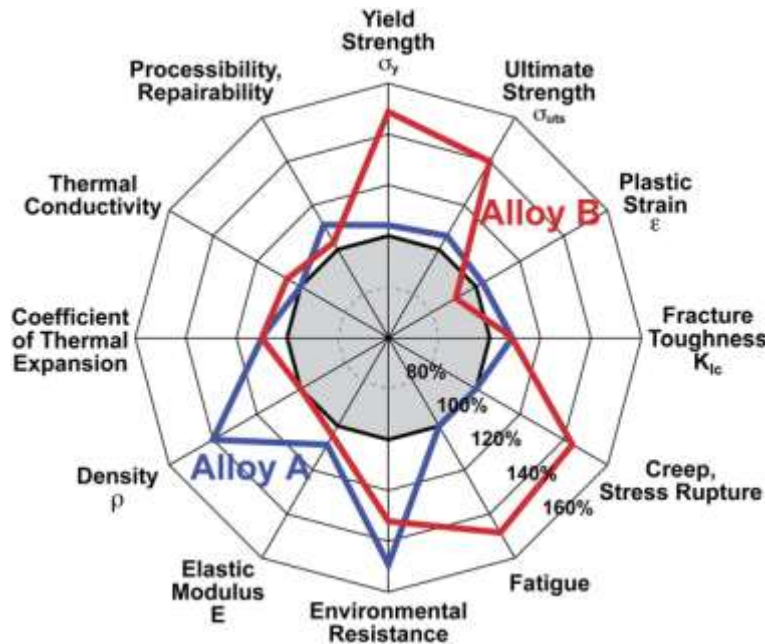
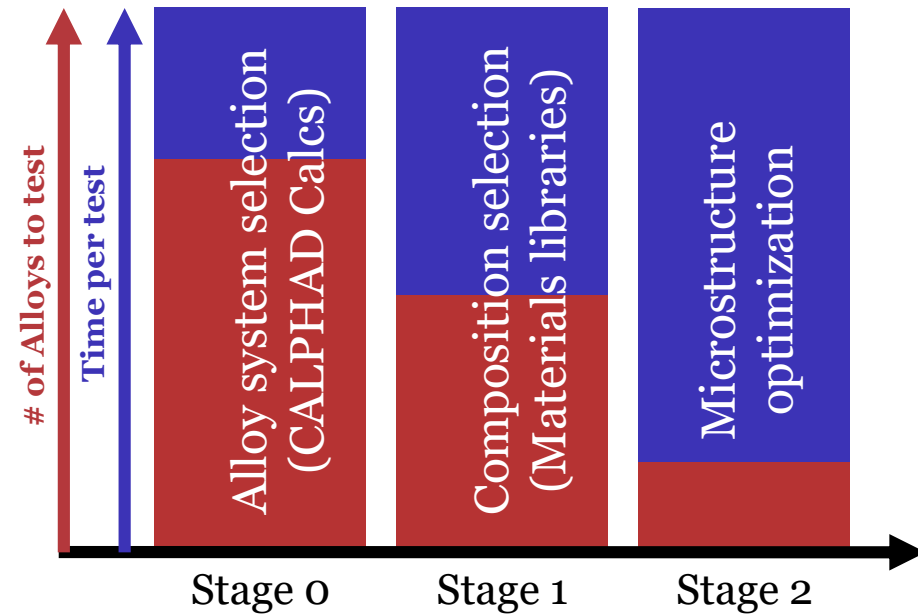
Alloys need:

- Low-cost & low-density: **6-7 g/cm³**
- Creep resistance up to **900°C**
- Maximized solid solution strengthening & precipitation hardening

Where do we begin the search for new materials that fill the gaps between conventional alloy classes??



“No longer safe along corners and edges of ternary phase diagrams, the materials community is now thrust into an uncharted, hyper-dimensional territory that is difficult to conceive, difficult to visualize, and difficult to explore systematically.” [2]



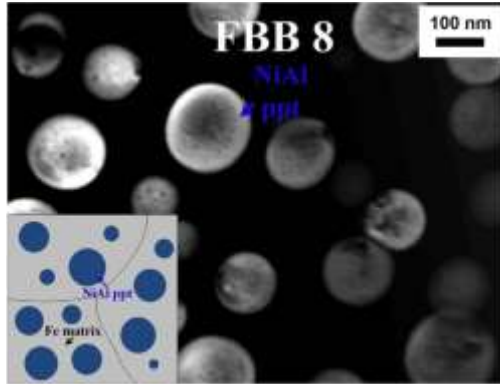
- Method most efficient for application specific search.
- “Spider plot” used for screening.
- Failure in one property = failure of alloy overall.

Miracle, Daniel, et al. "New strategies and tests to accelerate discovery and development of multi-principal element structural alloys." *Scripta Materialia* 127 (2017): 195-200.

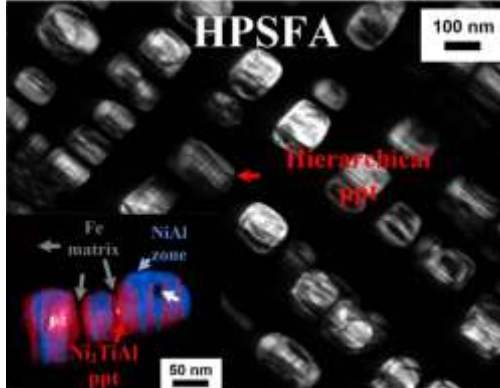
Miracle, D. B., and O. N. Senkov. "A critical review of high entropy alloys and related concepts." *Acta Materialia* 122 (2017): 448-511.

Alloy System of Interest - AlCrFeNiTi

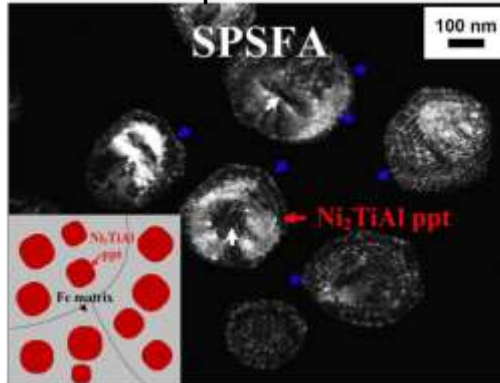
0 at.% Ti



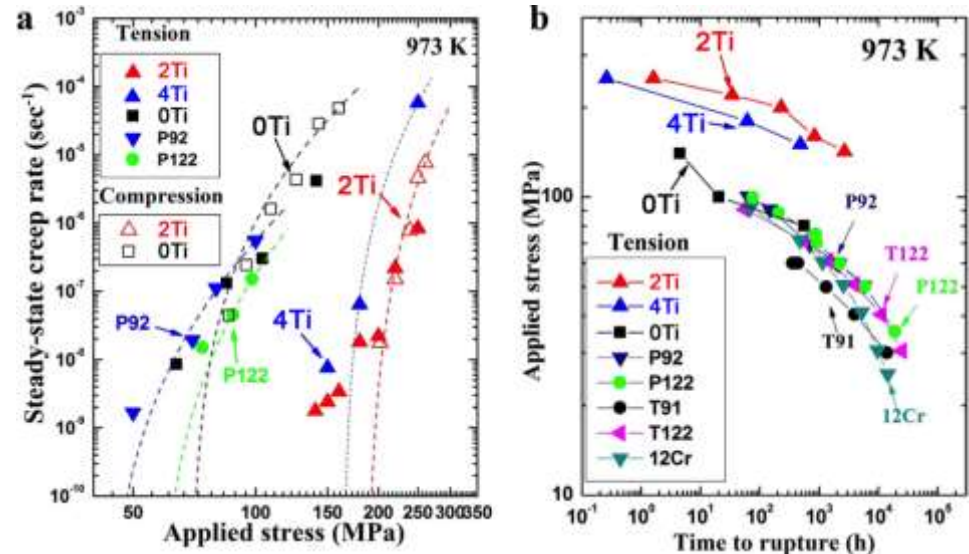
2 at.% Ti



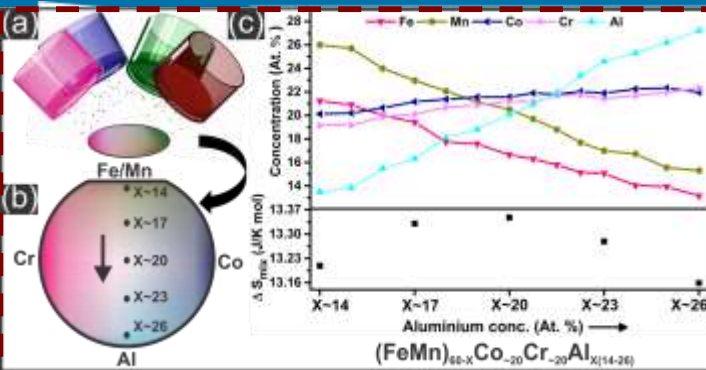
4 at.% Ti



- Coherent B2-NiAl precipitates in BCC matrix for AlCrFeNi
- Addition of Ti changes precipitate morphology and structure to combined L2₁-Ni₂TiAl and B2-NiAl
- Creep resistance of hierarchical B2/L2₁ structure greatly improved



Song, Gian, et al. "Ferritic alloys with extreme creep resistance via coherent hierarchical precipitates." *Scientific reports* 5 (2015).



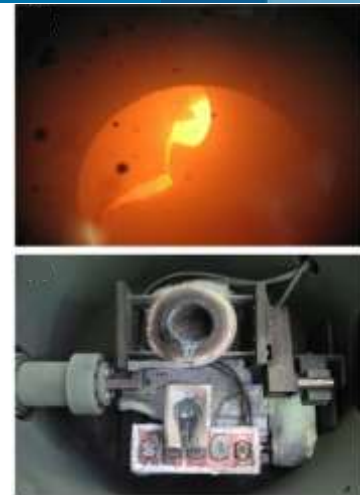
Magnetron Sputtering



Arc Melting

Vacuum Induction Casting

Directional Solidification



High-throughput characterization:

- SEM/EDS/XRD
- Nano-hardness

Rapid Screening

Bulk Synthesis

DSC and Heat Treatment

In collaboration with Pradeep & Marshal at RWTH Aachen

Microstructural Characterization

Bulk Mechanical Testing

- Compression
- Tension
- Nano- and micro-hardness
- Creep



Objectives

- BCC-CCAs with tailored **B₂/L₂₁-precipitates**
 - Low-cost, low-density alloys: **6-7 g/cm³**
 - Creep resistance up to **900°C**
 - Maximized solid solution strengthening & precipitation hardening



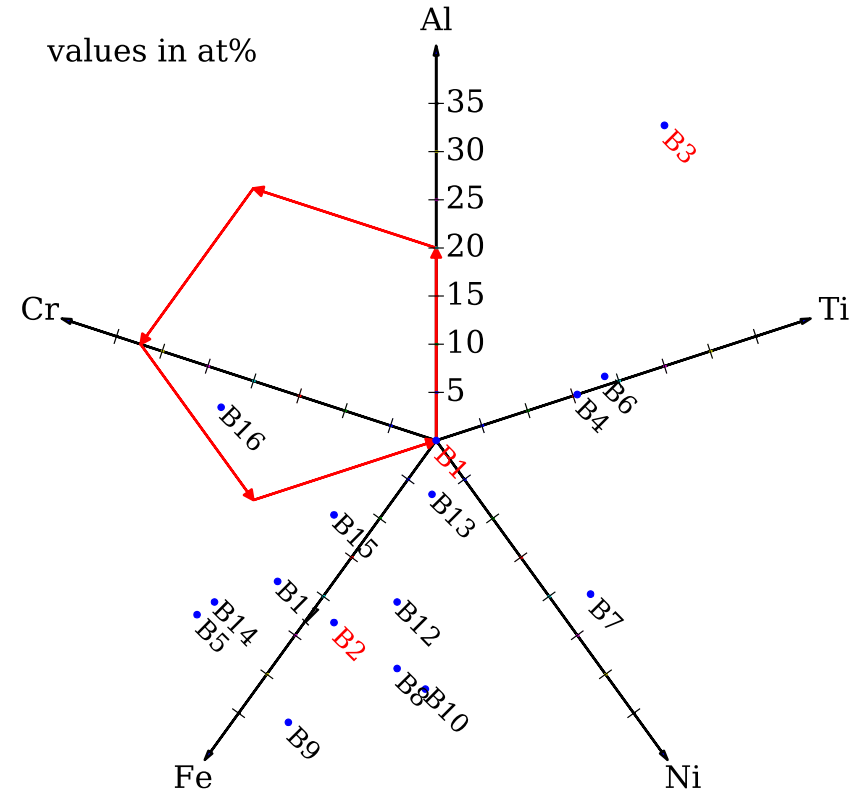


Arc Melted Compositions

Planned Rating Categories:

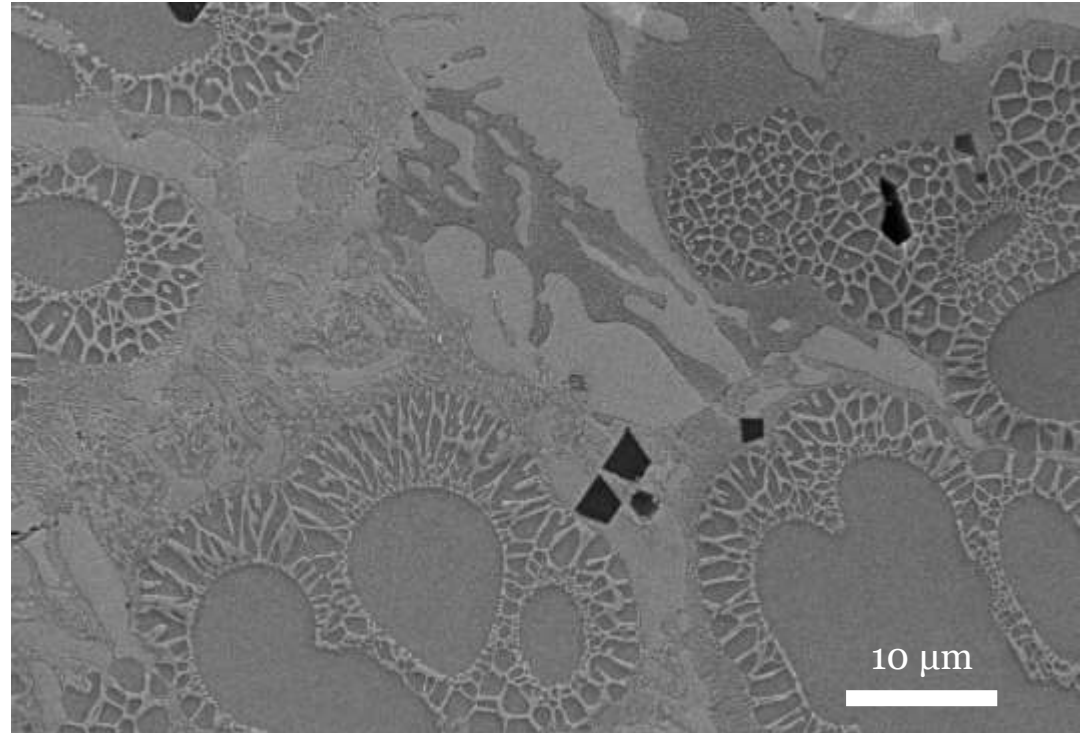
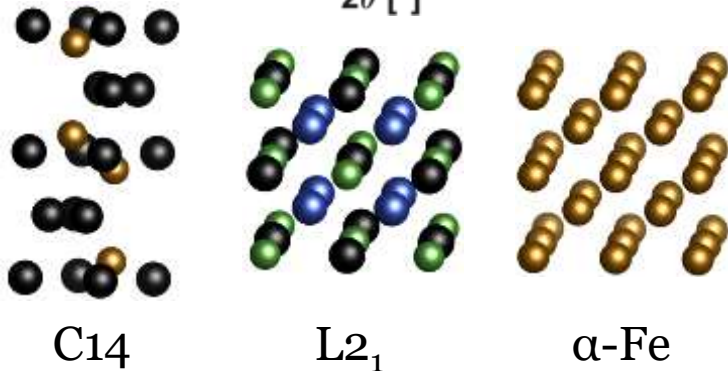
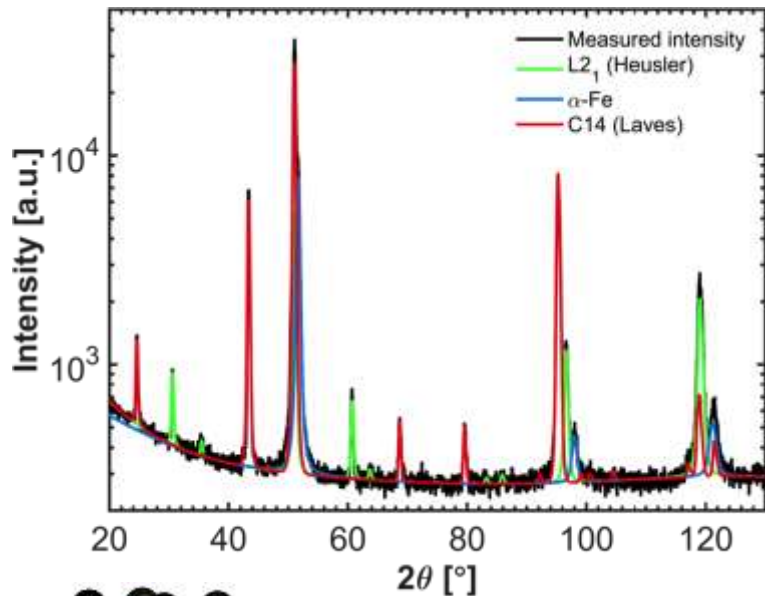
- Solid solution structure
- Precipitation phases
- Density
- Castability
- Cost
- Hardness
- Ductility

Sample ID	Composition (at%)					Solid Solution Rating (1-5)	Precipitates Rating (1-5)
	Al	Cr	Fe	Ni	Ti		
B1	20	20	20	20	20	BCC 5	C ₁₄ ,L ₂₁ ,B ₂ 3
B2	25	10	35	25	5	BCC 5	L ₂₁ 3
B3	35	10	10	10	35	Hexagonal 1	None 1
B4	35	10	10	35	10	-	-
B5	10	30	30	20	10	-	-
B6	17.5	15	17.5	15	35	-	-
B7	5	15	25	20	35	-	-
B8	10	15	35	20	20	-	-
B9	10	20	35	25	10	-	-
B10	15	10	35	25	15	-	-
B11	15	20	35	15	15	-	-
B12	20	10	35	20	15	-	-
B13	20	10	35	10	25	-	-
B14	20	20	35	20	5	-	-
B15	25	15	30	20	10	-	-
B16	25	20	35	5	15	-	-



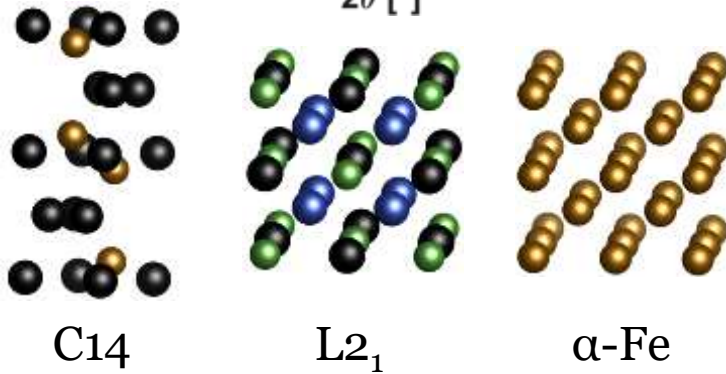
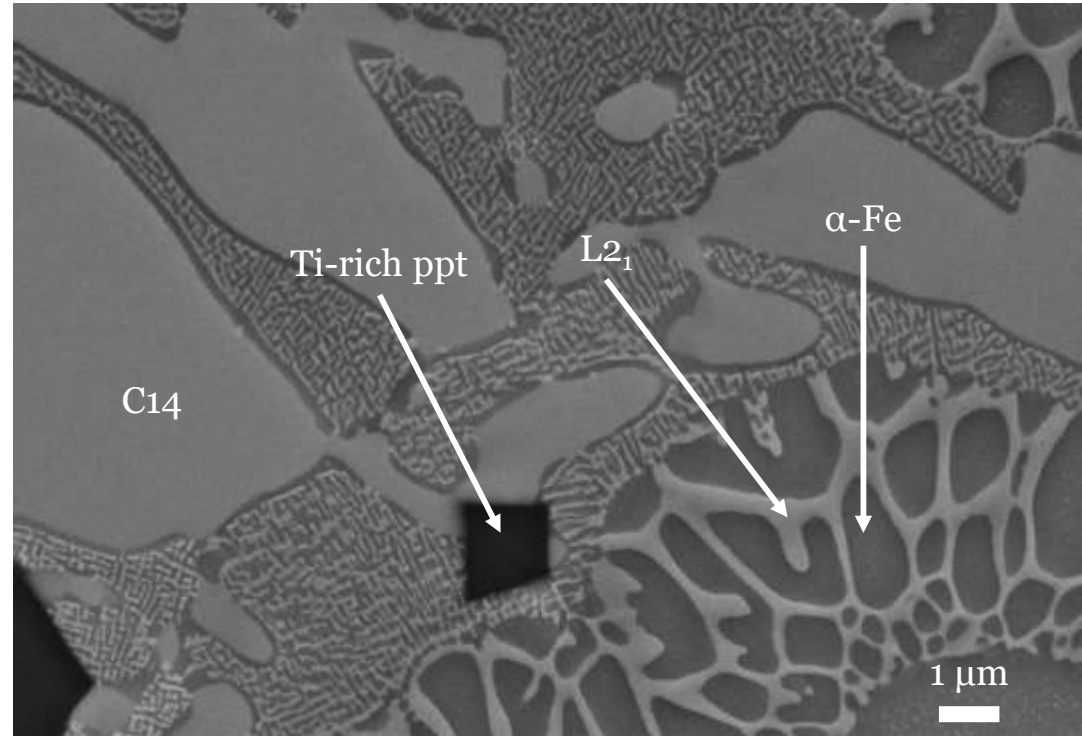
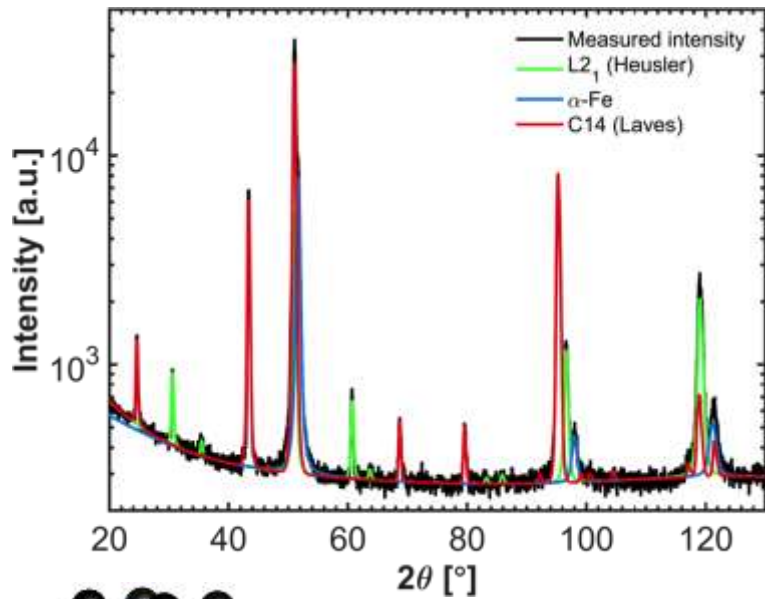
Early Results – B1 ($\text{Al}_{20}\text{Cr}_{20}\text{Fe}_{20}\text{Ni}_{20}\text{Ti}_{20}$)

- DSC results indicate that the first major thermal effect occurs around 1150 °C. Homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.
- As-cast material:

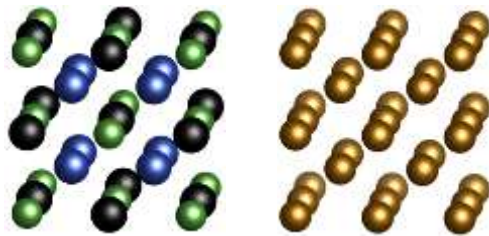
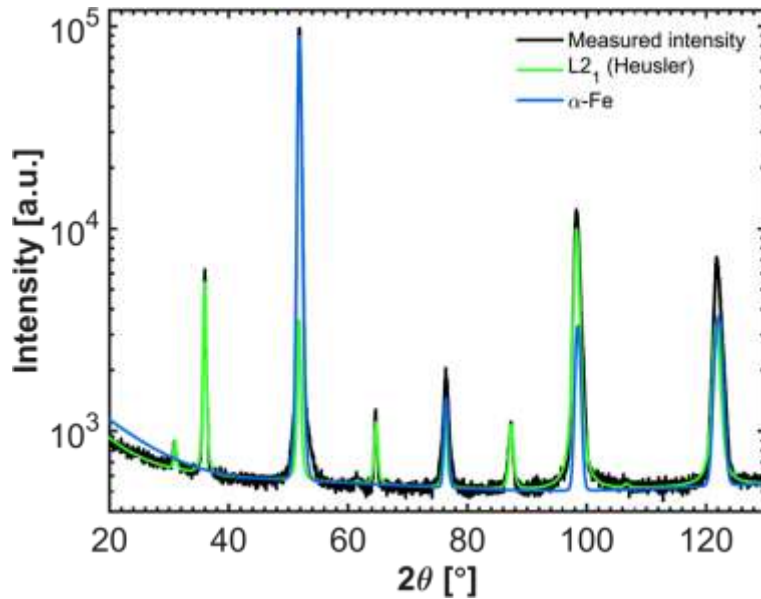


Early Results – B1 ($\text{Al}_{20}\text{Cr}_{20}\text{Fe}_{20}\text{Ni}_{20}\text{Ti}_{20}$)

- DSC results indicate that the first major thermal effect occurs around 1150 °C. Homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.
- As-cast material:

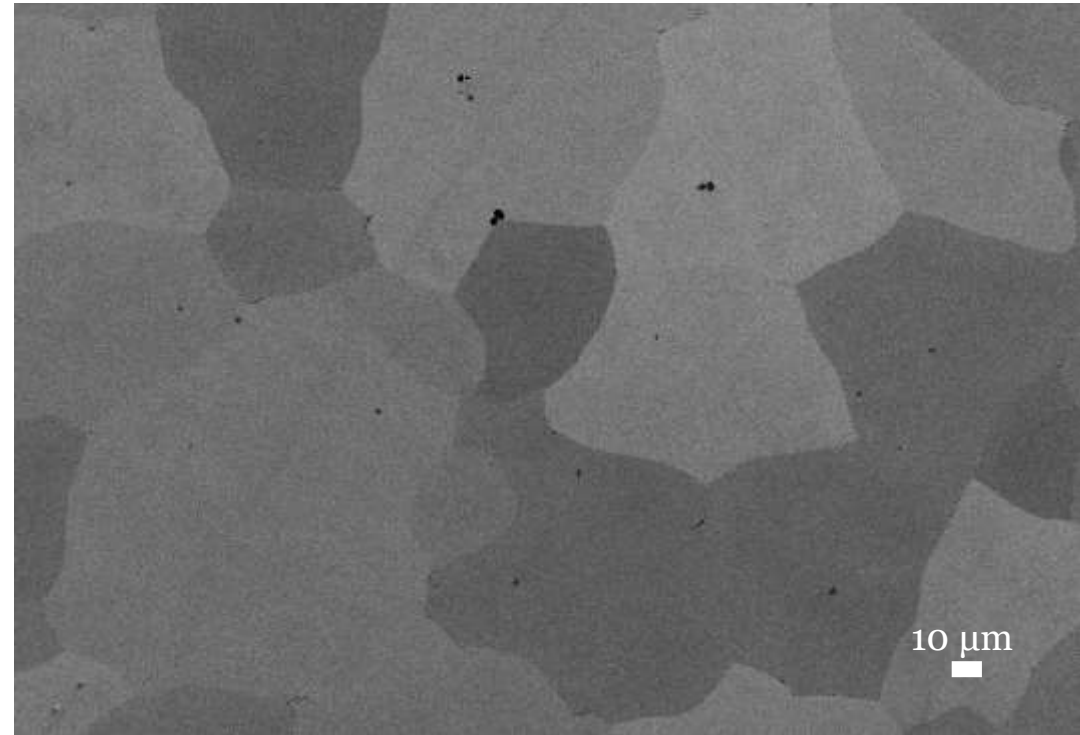


- DSC results indicate that the first major thermal effect occurs around 1150 °C. Homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.
- As-cast material:

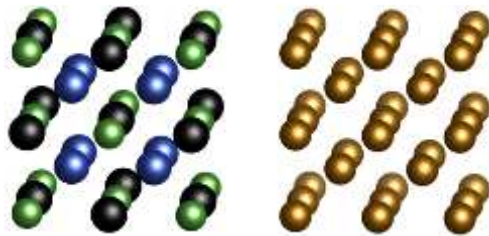
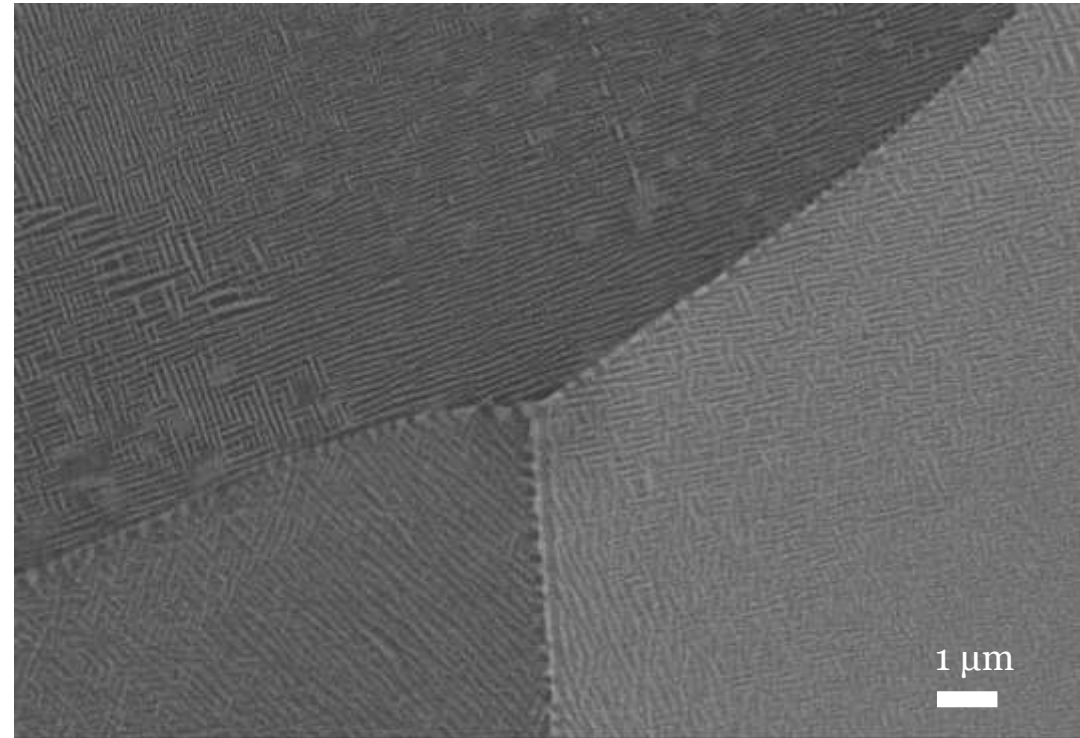
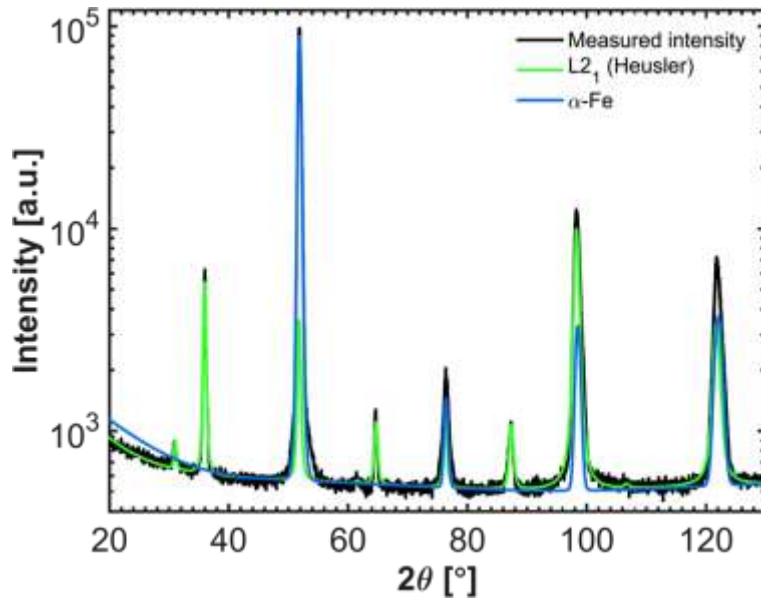


$L2_1$

α -Fe



- DSC results indicate that the first major thermal effect occurs around 1150 °C. Homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.
- As-cast material:

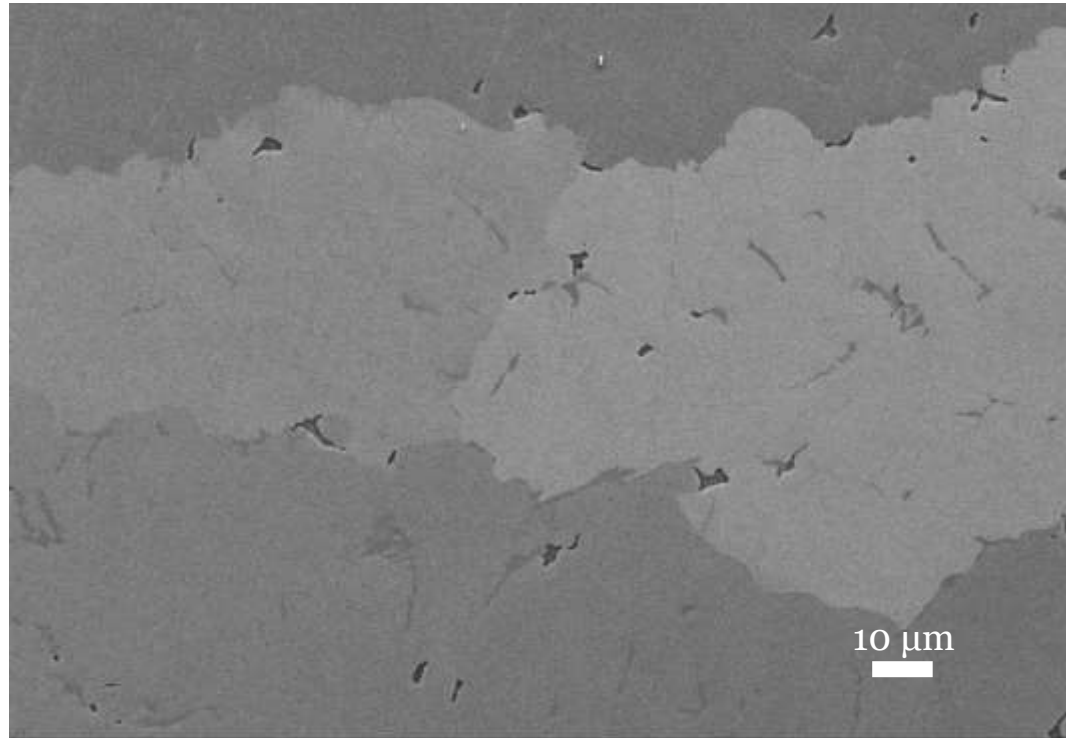


$L2_1$

α -Fe

- As-cast material:

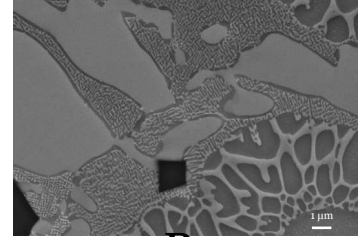
Single
Hexagonal
Phase detected



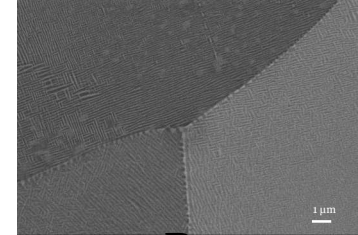


Sample ID	Composition (at%)					Solid Solution Rating (1-5)	Precipitates Rating (1-5)	Density (g/cm ³) Rating (1-5)	Castability Rating (1-5)	Cost (\$/kg) Rating (1-5)	Hardness (MPa) Rating (1-5)	Ductility (% el.) Rating (1-5)	Average (1-5)
	Al	Cr	Fe	Ni	Ti								
B1	20	20	20	20	20	BCC 5	C ₁₄ ,L ₂₁ ,B ₂ 3	5.81 3	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B2	25	10	35	25	5	BCC 5	L ₂₁ 3	6.17 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B3	35	10	10	10	35	Hexagonal 1	None 1	4.60 5	Fractured 1	- -	- -	- -	-
B4	35	10	10	35	10	- -	- -	5.49 3	Fractured 1	- -	- -	- -	-
B5	10	30	30	20	10	- -	- -	6.73 1	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B6	17.5	15	17.5	15	35	- -	- -	5.45 3	Fractured 1	- -	- -	- -	-
B7	5	15	25	20	35	- -	- -	6.15 2	Fractured 1	- -	- -	- -	-
B8	10	15	35	20	20	- -	- -	6.42 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B9	10	20	35	25	10	- -	- -	6.83 1	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B10	15	10	35	25	15	- -	- -	6.38 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B11	15	20	35	15	15	- -	- -	6.25 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B12	20	10	35	20	15	- -	- -	6.05 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B13	20	10	35	10	25	- -	- -	5.64 3	Partial 3	- -	- -	- -	-
B14	20	20	35	20	5	- -	- -	6.37 2	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B15	25	15	30	20	10	- -	- -	5.92 3	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-
B16	25	20	35	5	15	- -	- -	5.61 3	Whole 5	- -	- -	- -	-

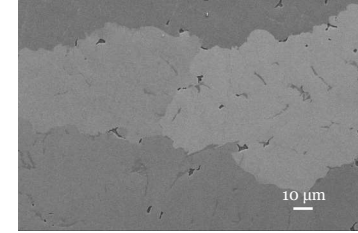
B1



B2



B3





- Priorities for the next steps in the project include:
 - Obtain thin film samples from collaborators in Aachen
 - Standardize SEM and XRD measurement and analysis procedures
 - Refine alloy rating scheme
 - Characterize heat treated samples and refine heat treatment
 - Begin mechanical property screening

Thanks
for your
attention!

Questions??

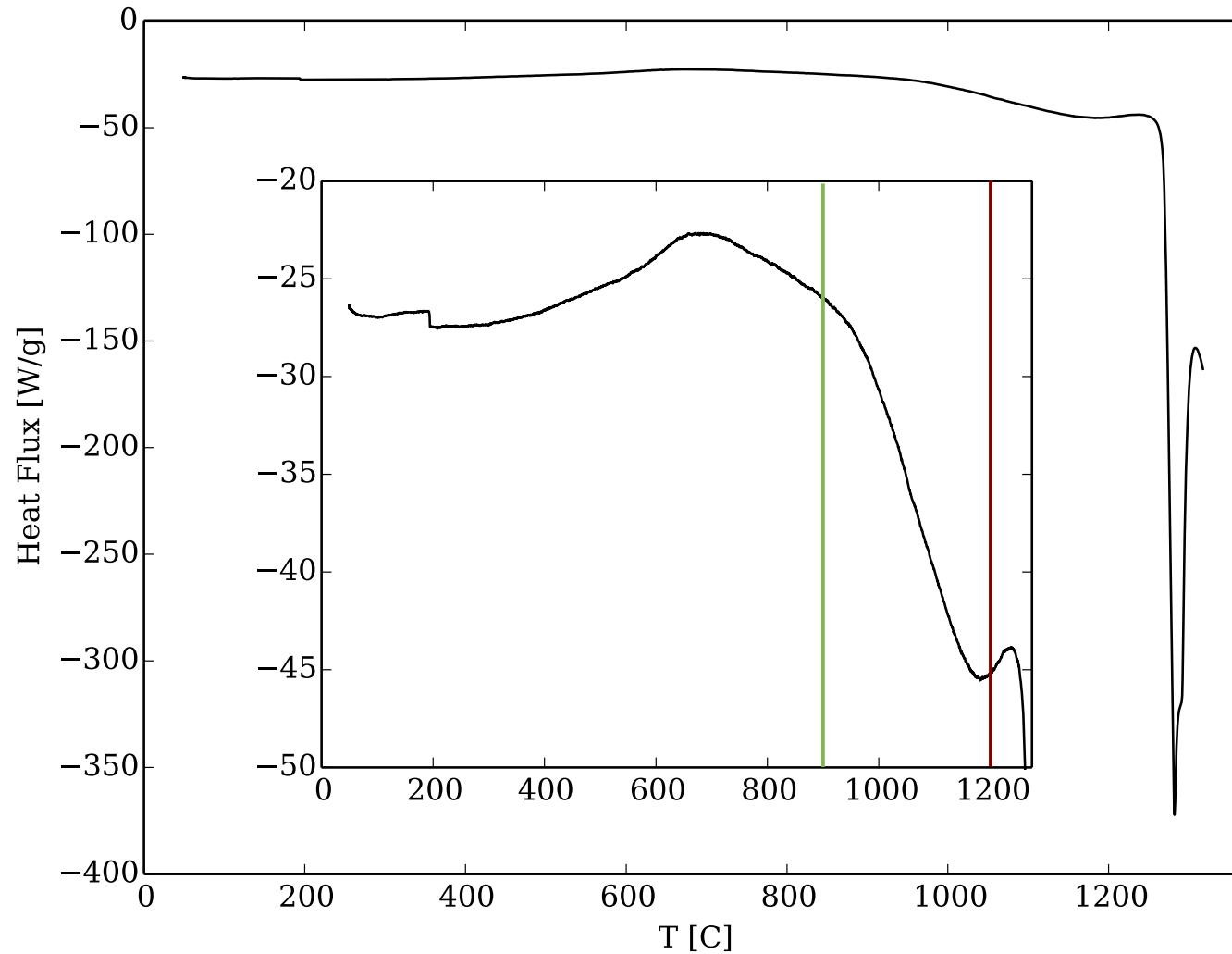




- [1] Miracle, Daniel, et al. "New strategies and tests to accelerate discovery and development of multi-principal element structural alloys." *Scripta Materialia* 127 (2017): 195-200.
- [2] Miracle, D. B., and O. N. Senkov. "A critical review of high entropy alloys and related concepts." *Acta Materialia* 122 (2017): 448-511.
- [3] Vo, Nhon Q., et al. "Creep properties and microstructure of a precipitation-strengthened ferritic Fe–Al–Ni–Cr alloy." *Acta Materialia* 71 (2014): 89-99.
- [4] C.H. Liebscher, V.R. Radmilović, U. Dahmen, N.Q. Vo, D.C. Dunand, M. Asta, G. Ghosh, *Acta Materialia*, 92 (2015) 220-232.
- [5] Song, Gian, et al. "Ferritic alloys with extreme creep resistance via coherent hierarchical precipitates." *Scientific reports* 5 (2015).

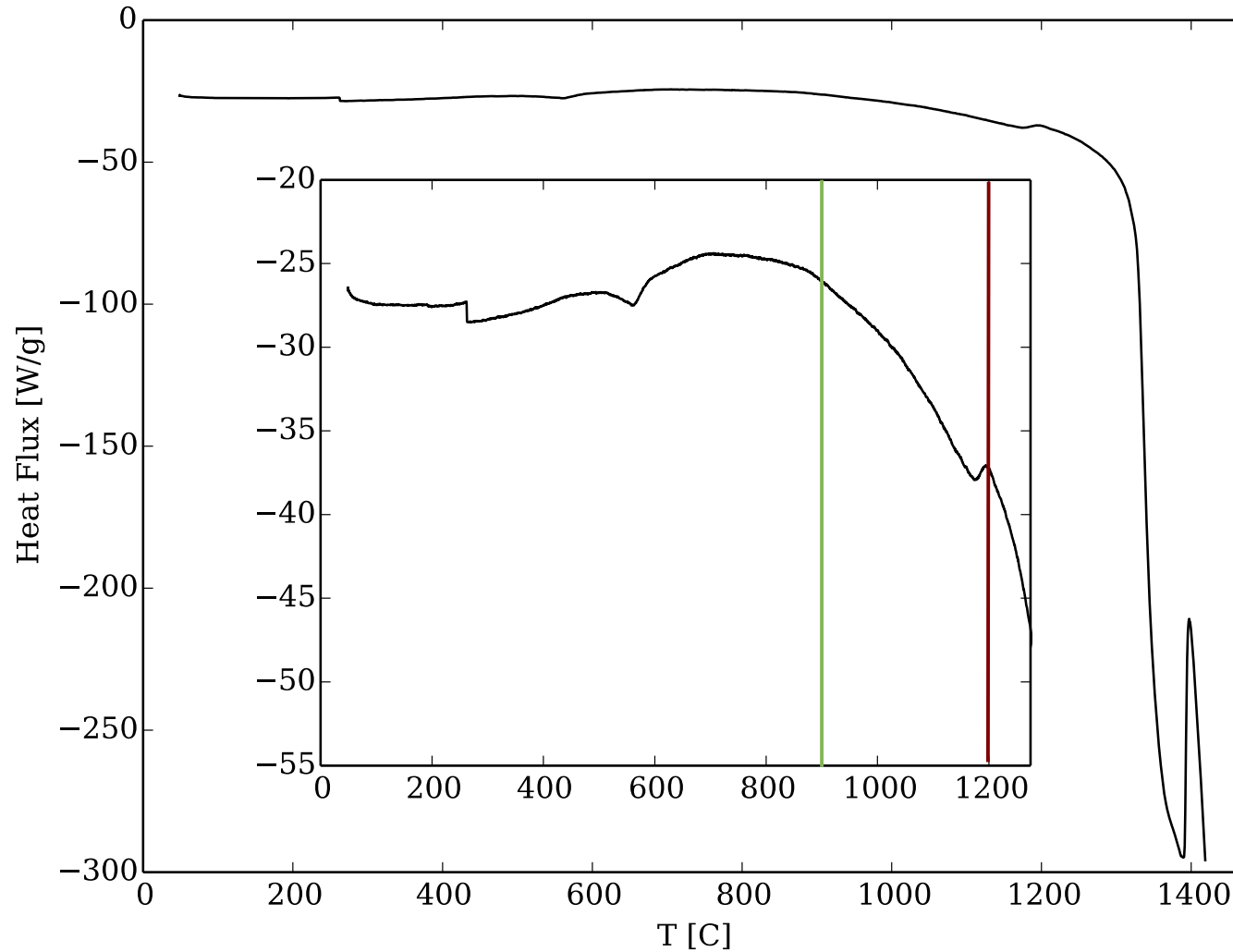


- DSC results indicate that the first major thermal effect occurs around 1150 °C. Homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.





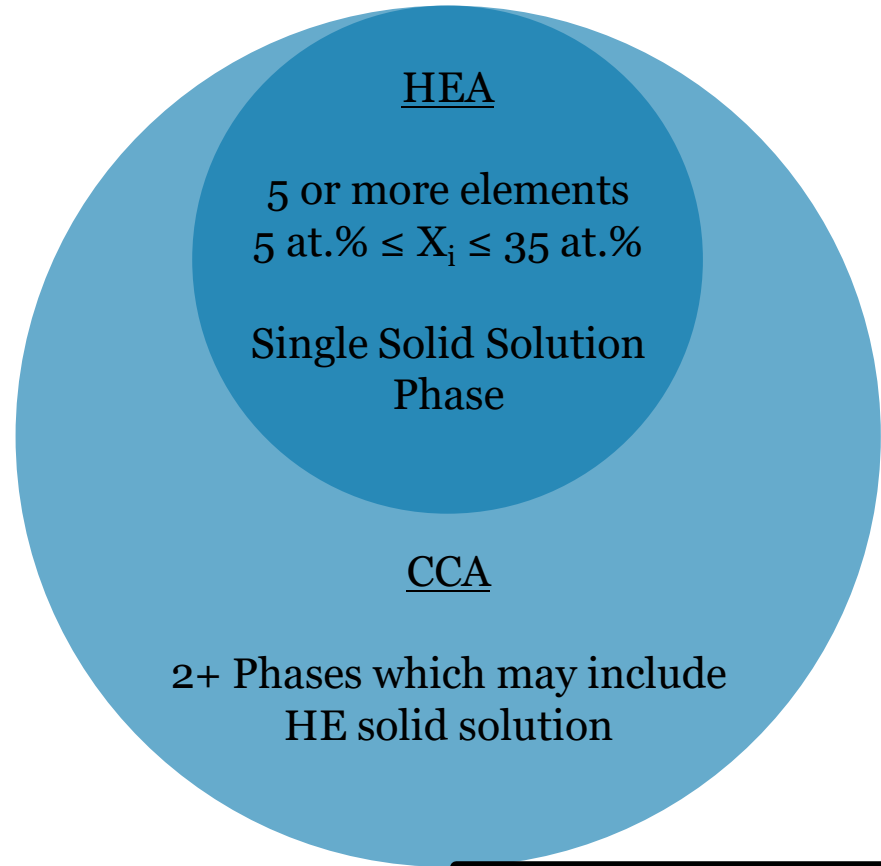
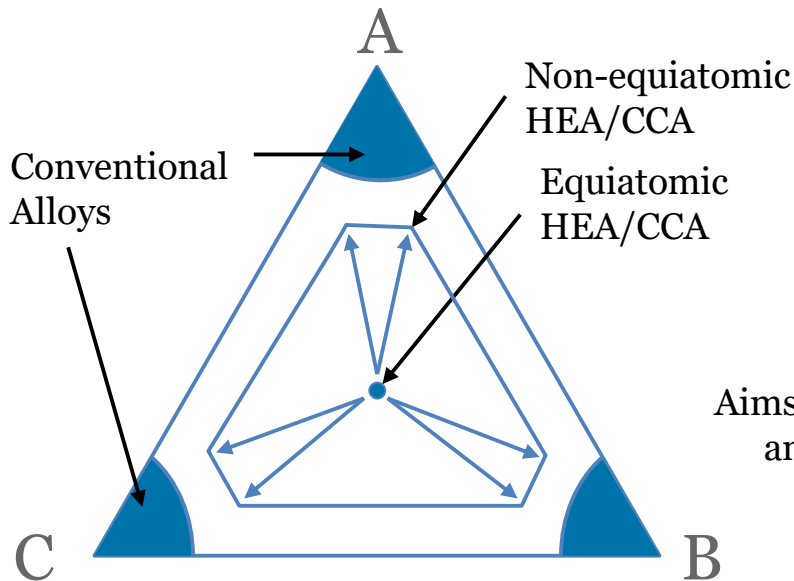
- For Comparison with Equimolar alloy, homogenization will be conducted at 1200 °C and annealing at 900 °C.





“High entropy alloys (HEAs) and ... [compositionally complex] alloys (CCAs) open alloy development to a vast richness of complexity.” [1]

Miracle, Daniel, et al. "New strategies and tests to accelerate discovery and development of multi-principal element structural alloys." Scripta Materialia 127 (2017): 195-200.

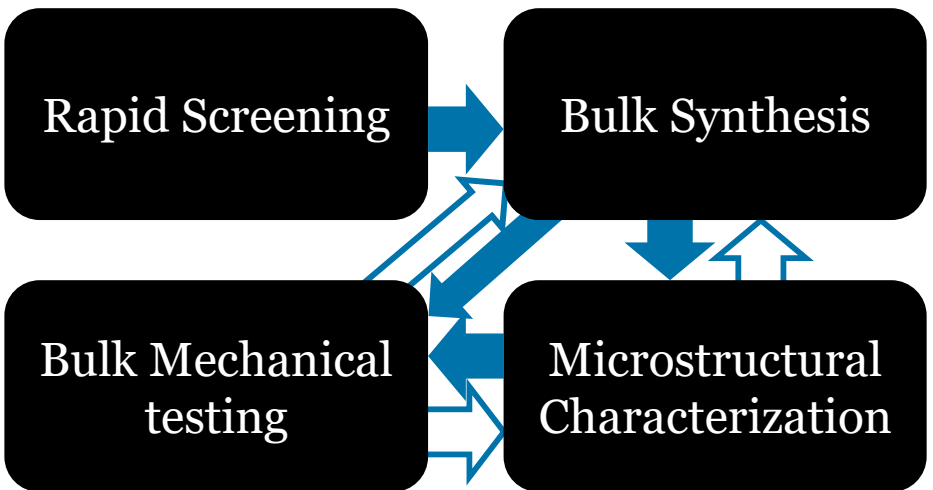


HEA Branch
DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

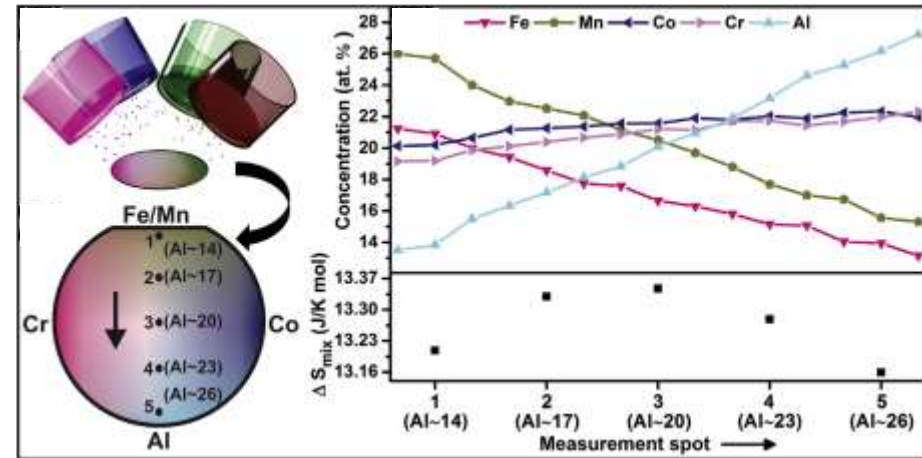
Aims at understanding structure and properties resulting from high entropy effect

CCA Branch
DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Aims to identify and tailor chemistry and microstructural features for optimized mechanical properties in promising alloy systems



Thin Film Magnetron Sputtering



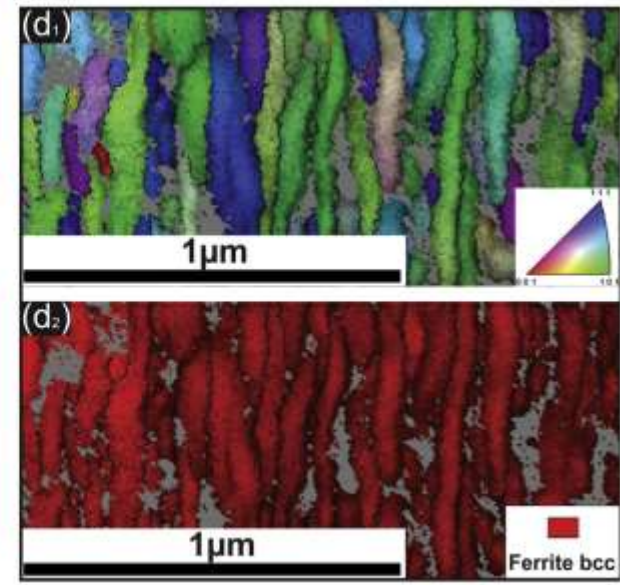
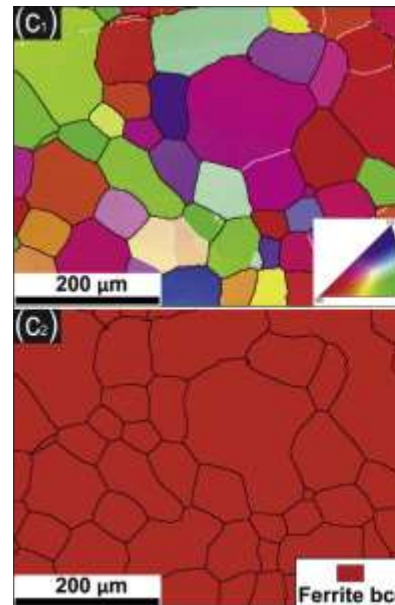
Composition selection

In collaboration with Pradeep & Marshal at RWTH Aachen



High-throughput characterization:

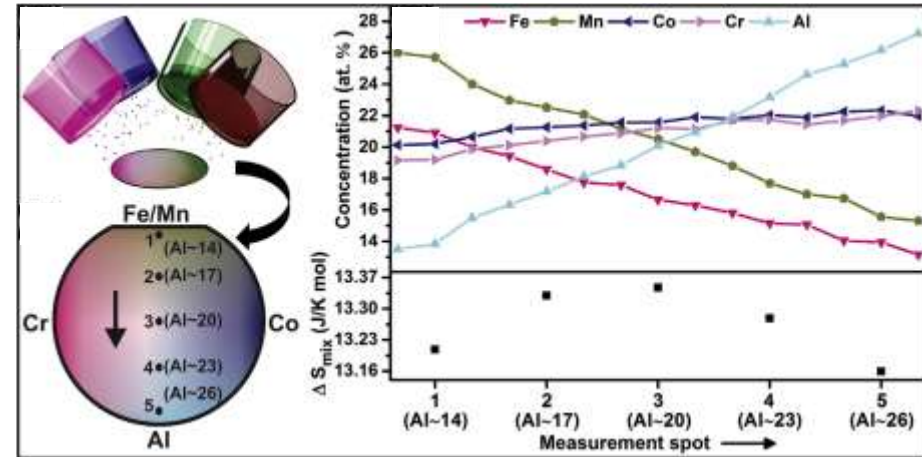
- SEM/EDS, EBSD
- XRD
- Nano-hardness



Marshal, A., et al. "Combinatorial synthesis of high entropy alloys: Introduction of a novel, single phase, body-centered-cubic FeMnCoCrAl solid solution." *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* 691 (2017): 683-689.

Rapid Screening

Thin Film Magnetron Sputtering



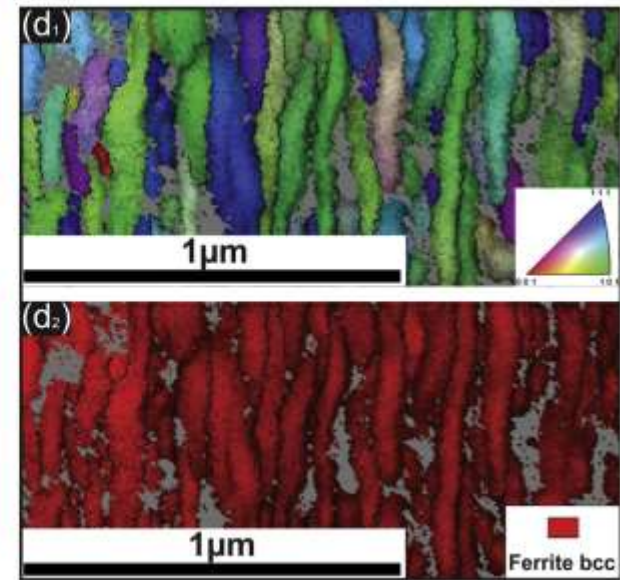
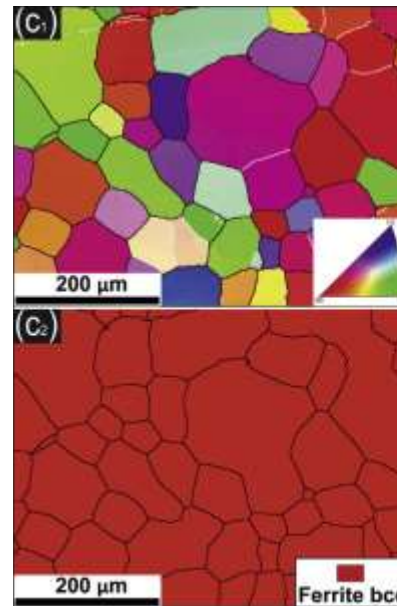
Composition selection

In collaboration with Pradeep & Marshal at RWTH Aachen



High-throughput characterization:

- SEM/EDS, EBSD
- XRD
- Nano-hardness



Marshal, A., et al. "Combinatorial synthesis of high entropy alloys: Introduction of a novel, single phase, body-centered-cubic FeMnCoCrAl solid solution." *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* 691 (2017): 683-689.

Rapid Screening



Bulk Synthesis

Arc Melting

- Use high throughput characterization to compare with thin films
- Far from equilibrium solidification

Vacuum Induction Casting

- Produces enough material for bulk mechanical testing
- Can produce several compositions in single cast

Directional Solidification

- For testing single crystal properties of most promising alloys

Bulk material to be combined with DSC results to select heat treatment schedules

Microstructural characterization will be used to direct alloy selection

Combinatorial Vacuum Induction Casting



Ma, Duancheng, et al. "Phase stability of non-equiatomic CoCrFeMnNi high entropy alloys." *Acta Materialia* 98 (2015): 288-296.

Rapid Screening



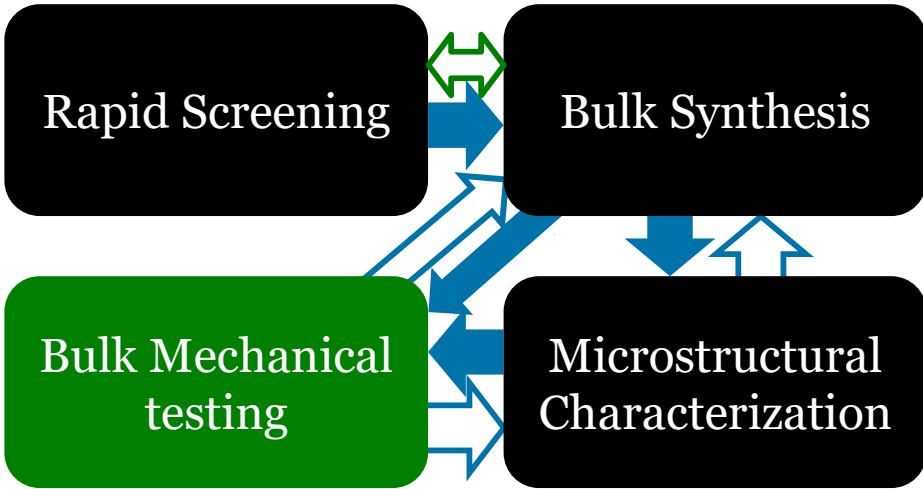
Bulk Synthesis

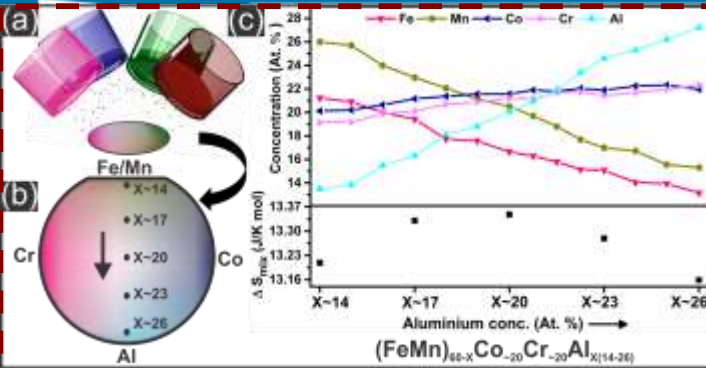


Microstructural
Characterization



- XRD
- SEM/EDS
- (S)TEM
- 3D APT



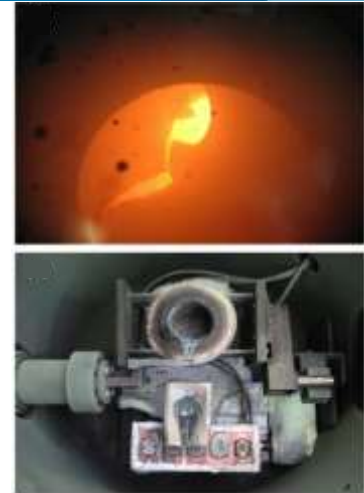


Magnetron Sputtering

Arc Melting

Vacuum Induction Casting

Directional Solidification



High-throughput characterization:

- SEM/EDS/XRD
- Nano-hardness

MATERIALS CHEMISTRY | RWTH AACHEN UNIVERSITY

In collaboration with Aachen Pradeep & Marshal

Rapid Screening

Bulk Synthesis

DSC and Heat Treatment

Microstructural Characterization

Bulk Mechanical Testing

- Compression
- Tension
- Nano- and micro-hardness
- Creep



Objectives

- BCC-CCAs with tailored **B₂/L₂₁-precipitates**
 - Low-cost, low-density alloys: **6-7 g/cm³**
 - Creep resistance up to **900°C**
 - Maximized solid solution strengthening & precipitation hardening

