

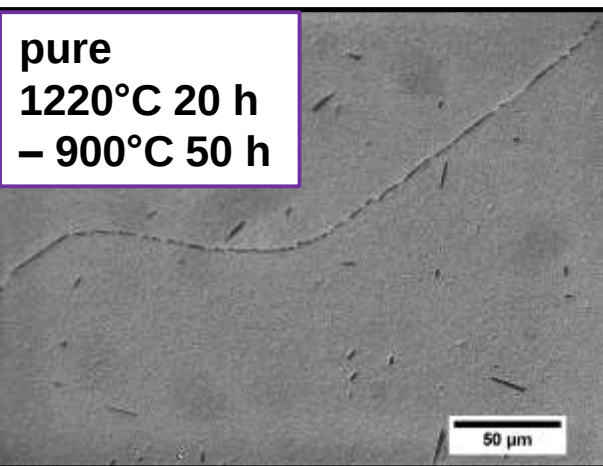
Evolution of lattice mismatch in modified $\text{Al}_{10}\text{Co}_{25}\text{Cr}_8\text{Fe}_{15}\text{Ni}_{36}\text{Ti}_6$ compositionally complex alloy

**A. M. Manzoni^a, C. T. Cakır^a, S. Haas^b, F. Dubois^a, C.
von Schlippenbach^a, U. Glatzel^b**

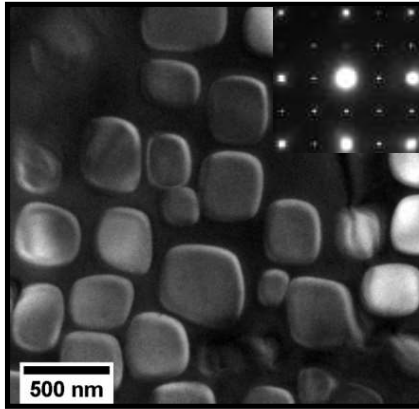
^a Helmholtz-Zentrum Berlin für Materialien und Energie, Institut für Angewandte Materialien, Berlin, Germany

^b University Bayreuth, Metals and Alloys, Bayreuth, Germany

Overview over the microstructure



The γ - γ' morphology



Pure

$\text{Al}_{10}\text{Co}_{25}\text{Cr}_8\text{Fe}_{15}\text{Ni}_{36}\text{Ti}_6$

Ann 900°C 50 h

Mixing enthalpies / atomic radii

Takeuchi et al., Materials Transactions 46(2005)

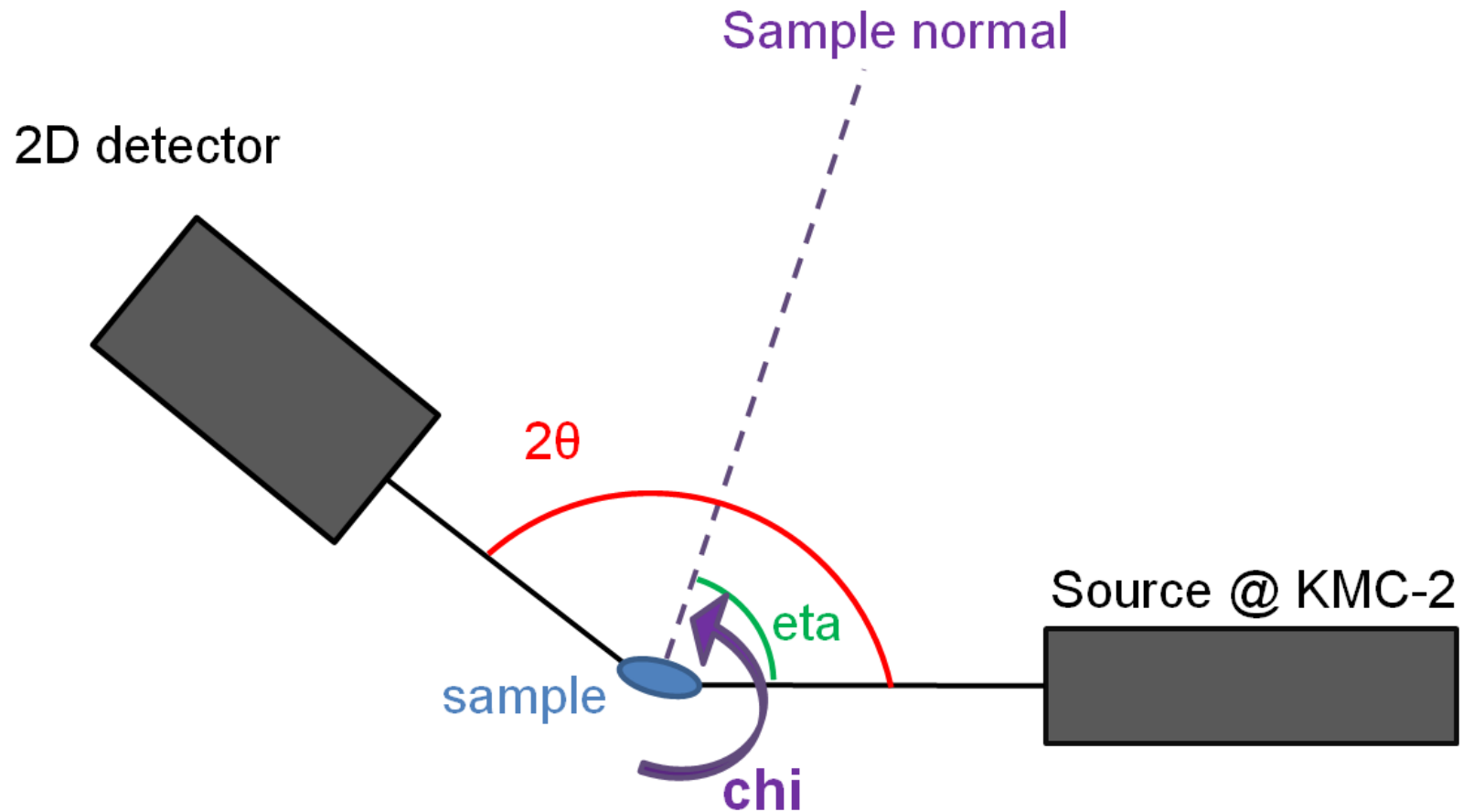
The values of heat of mixing are quoted as enthalpy of mixing
 $_{mix}$

$$\Delta H_{\{AB\}}$$

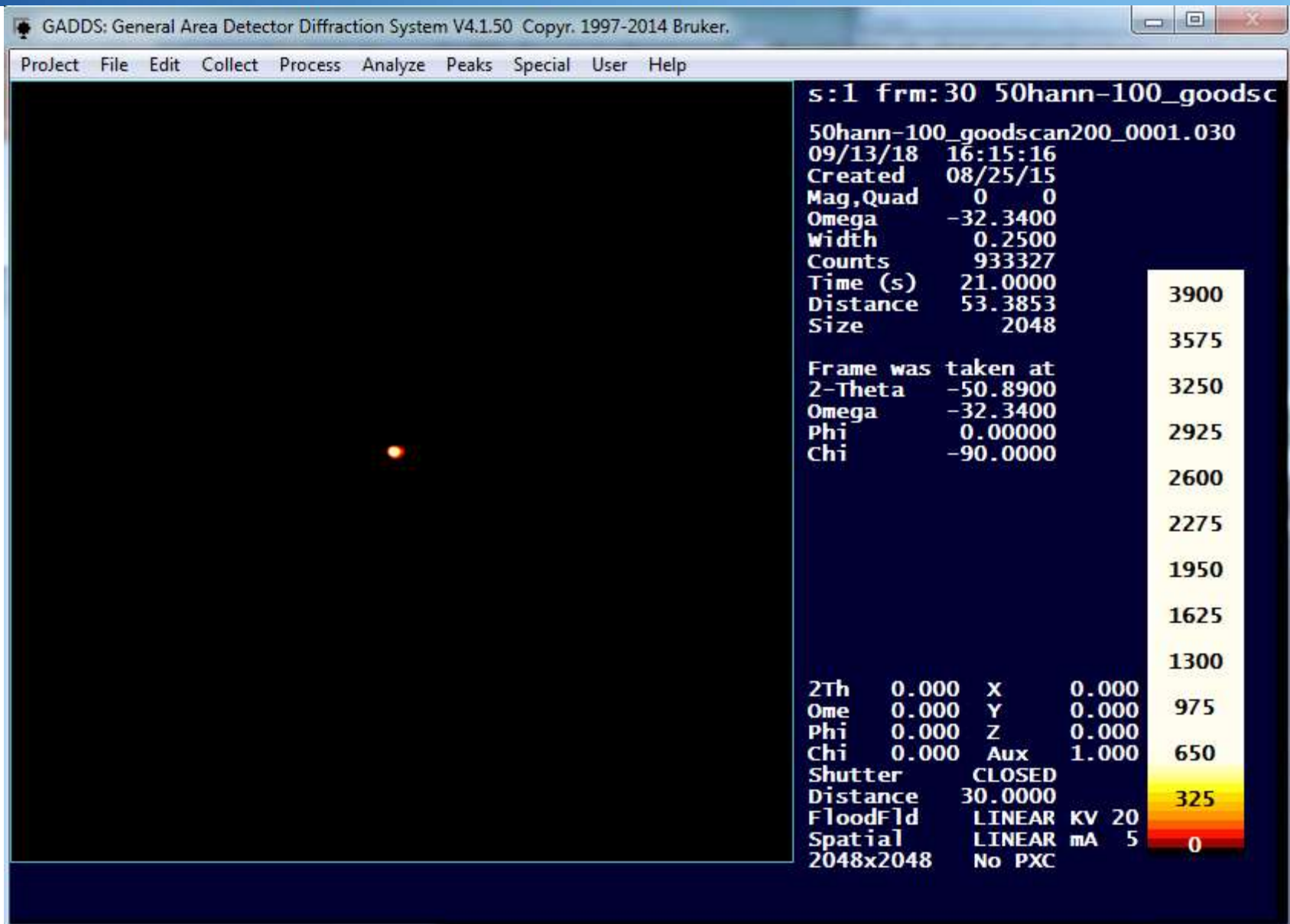
of the binary liquid in an A–B system at an equiatomic composition.

B\A	Al	Co	Cr	Fe	Ni	Ti
Mo	-5	-5	0	-2	-7	-4
Zr	-44	-41	-12	-25	-49	0
Hf	-39	-35	-9	-21	-42	0
B	0	-24	-31	-26	-24	-58

Experiment setup at KMC-2



Setup of the 3D-detector



Setup of the 3D-detector

GADDS: General Area Detector Diffraction System V4.1.50 Copyr. 1997-2014 Bruker.

Project File Edit Collect Process Analyze Peaks Special User Help

s:1 frm:30 50hann-100_goods c

50hann-100_goods scan200_0001.030

09/13/18 16:15:16
 Created 08/25/15
 Mag,Quad 0 0
 Omega -32.3400
 Width 0.2500
 Counts 933327
 Time (s) 21.0000
 Distance 53.3853
 Size 2048

Frame was taken at
 2-Theta -50.8900
 Omega -32.3400
 Phi 0.0000
 Chi -90.0000

2theta →

Chi ↻

Options for Peaks Integrate Chi

2theta
 Start 50.00 deg
 End 52.00 deg

Chi
 Start 90.00 deg
 End 91.00 deg

Normalize intensity 5 - Bin normalized

Step size 0.02

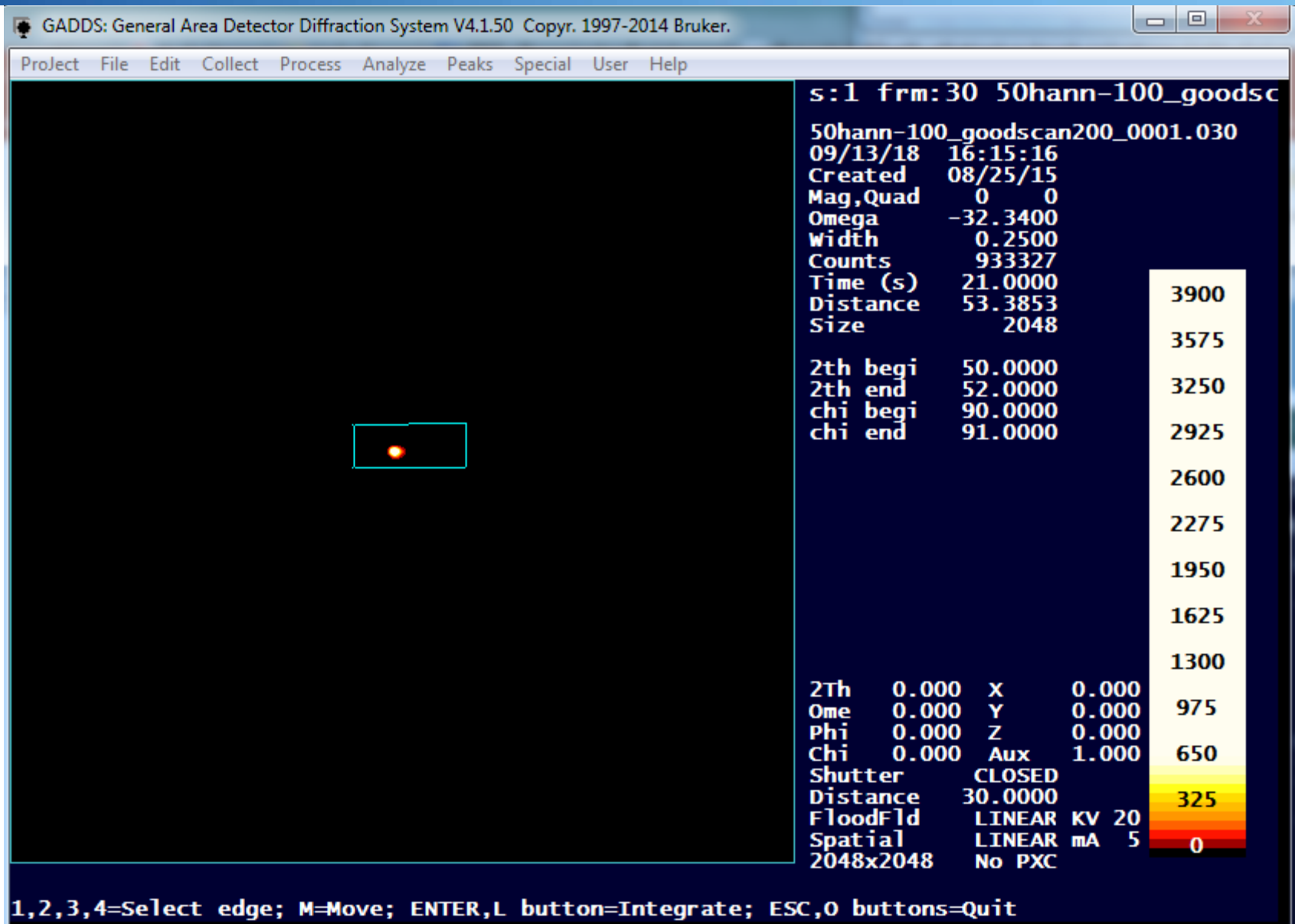
OK Cancel

Enter lower 2theta of conic region (degrees)

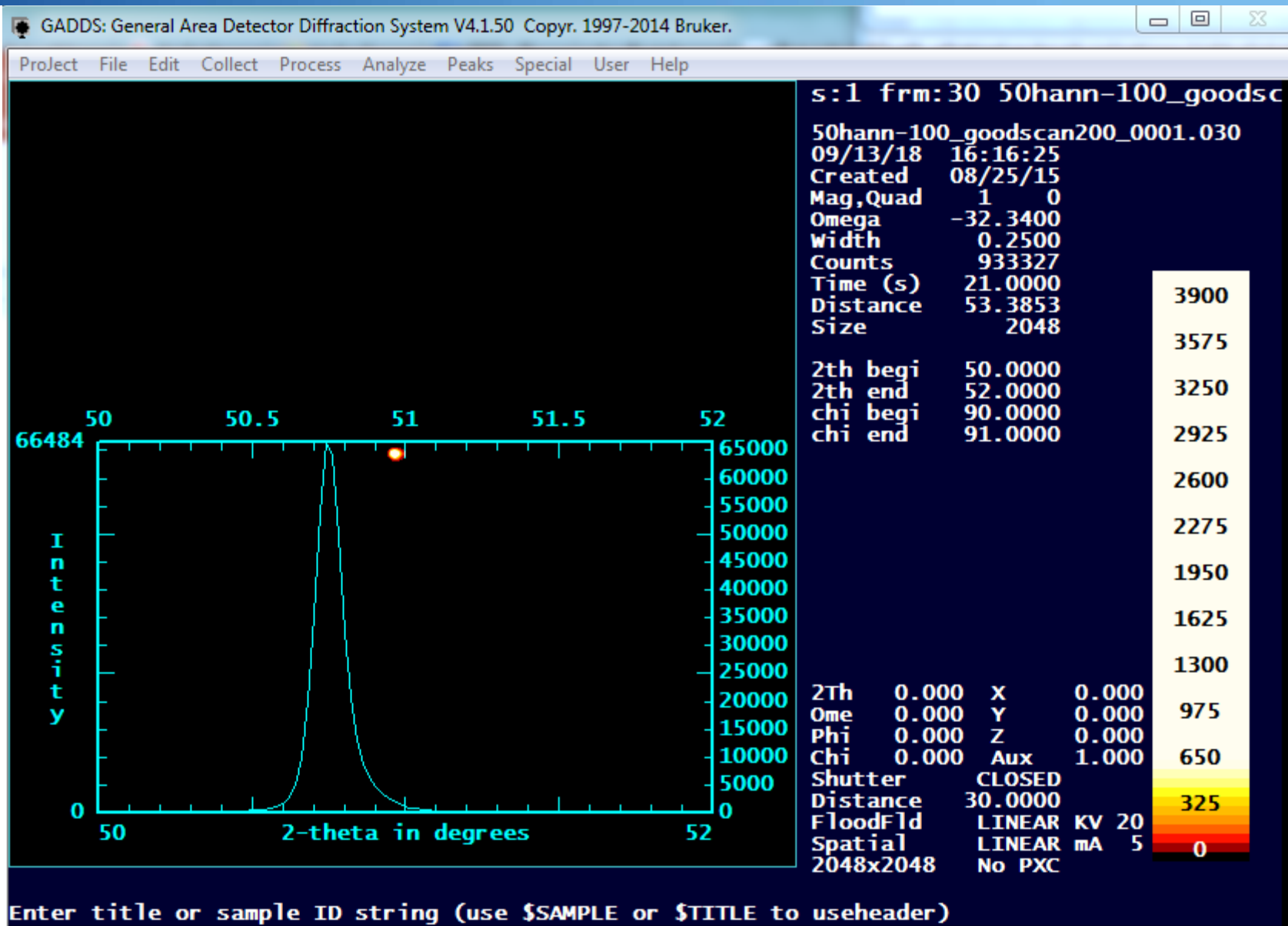
3900
 3575
 3250
 2925
 2600
 2275
 1950
 1625
 1300
 975
 650
 325
 0

2Th 0.000 X 0.000
 Ome 0.000 Y 0.000
 Phi 0.000 Z 0.000
 Chi 0.000 Aux 1.000
 Shutter CLOSED
 Distance 30.0000
 FloodFld LINEAR KV 20
 Spatial LINEAR mA 5
 2048x2048 No PXC

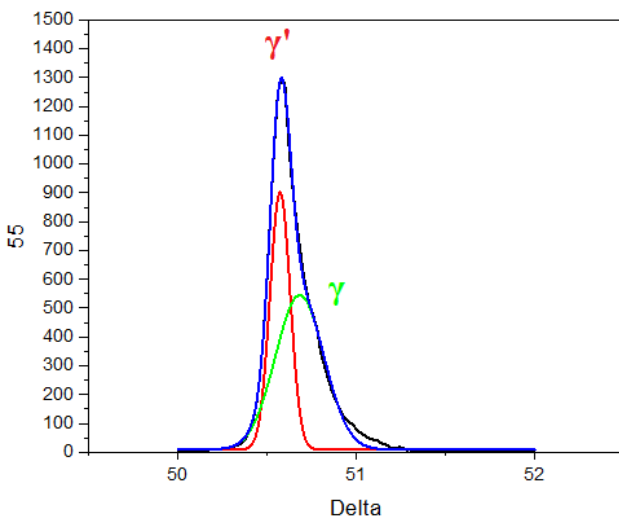
Setup of the 3D-detector



Setup of the 3D-detector



Peak shapes – evolution over Chi

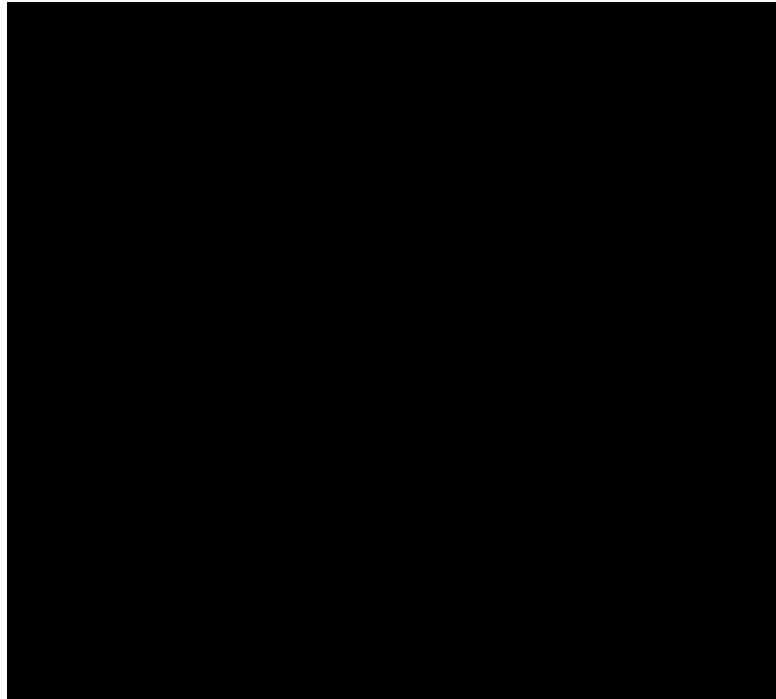


— 0.05
— Fit Peak 1
— Fit Peak 2
— Cumulative Fit Peak

Model	Gauss	
Equation	$y = y_0 + \frac{A}{w \cdot \sqrt{\pi/2}} \exp(-2 \cdot ((x - x_c)/w)^2)$	
Plot	Peak1(55)	Peak2(55)
y0	9.25623 ± 1.92907	9.25623 ± 1.92907
xc	50.57346 ± 8.25103E-	50.68303 ± 0.00449
w	0.11264 ± 0.00233	0.27111 ± 0.00467
A	126.14238 ± 4.93656	182.00213 ± 5.8994
Reduced Chi-Sqr	233.77843	
R-Square(COD)	0.99776	
Adj. R-Square	0.99762	

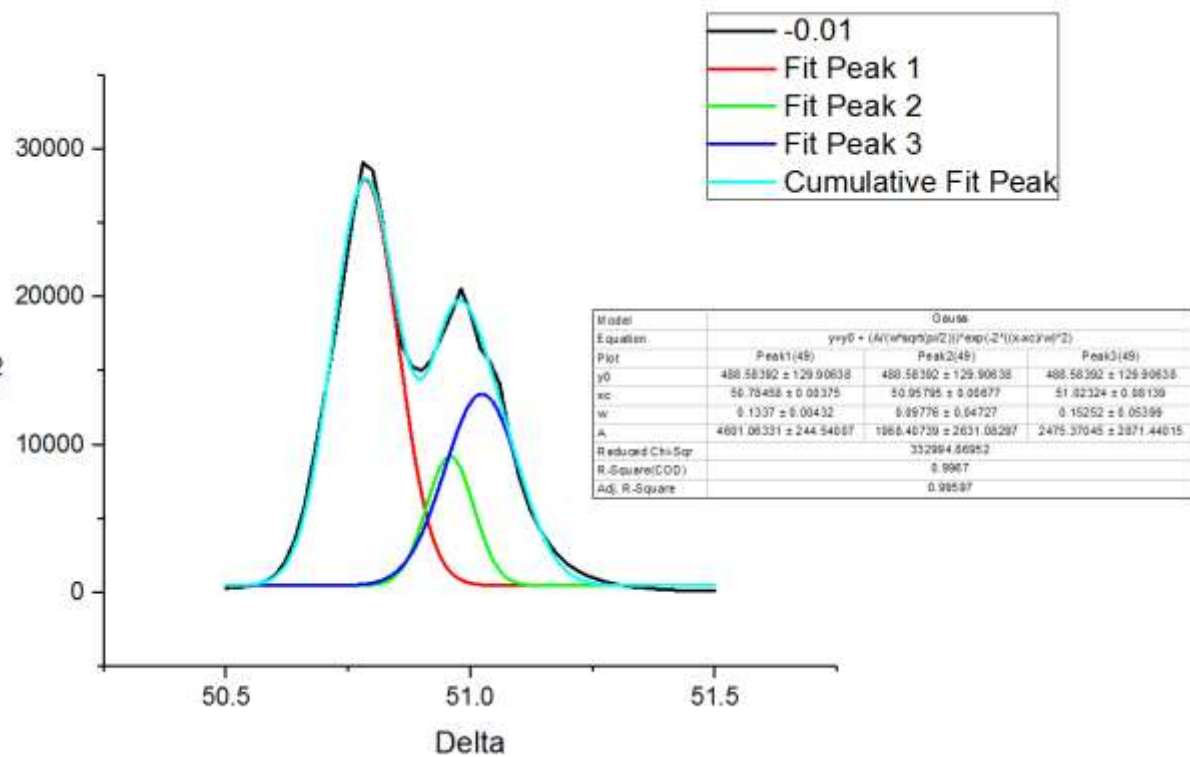
Example Alloy-B0,5 – (200) 200°C

Three peaks?



Three peaks?

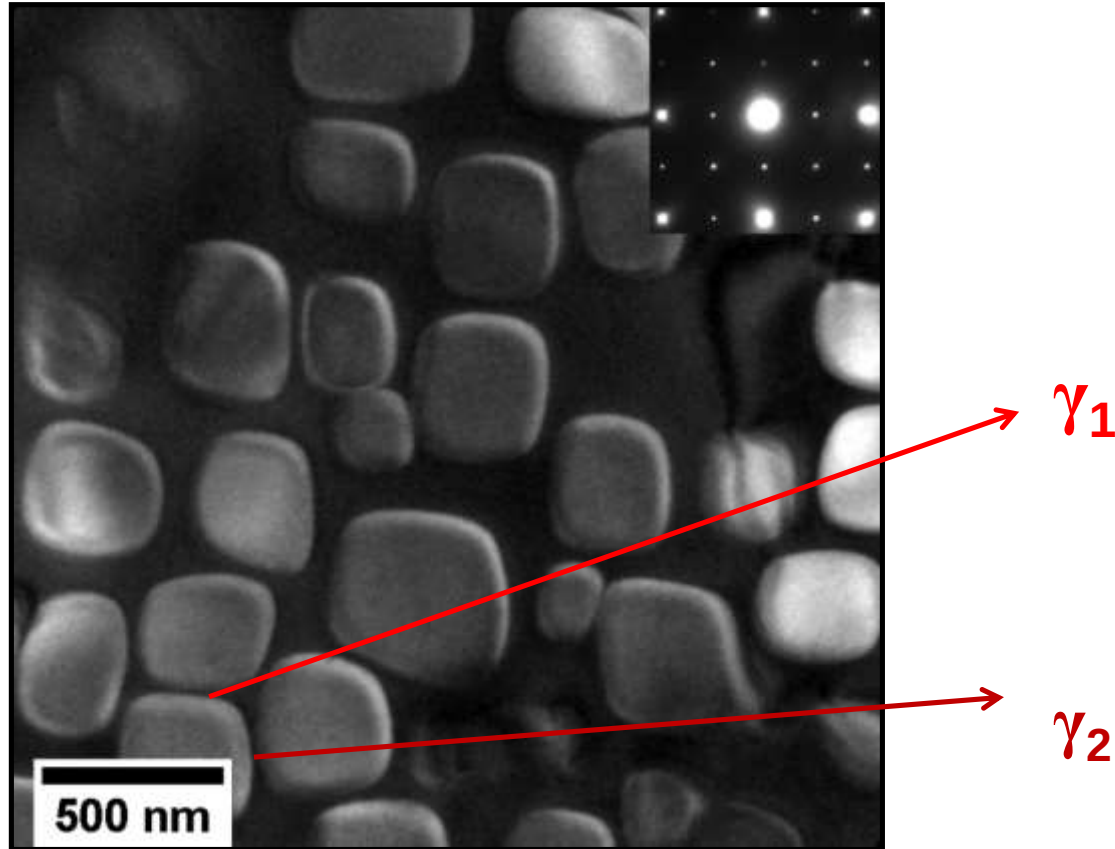
49



Base alloy, Peak (200), room temperture

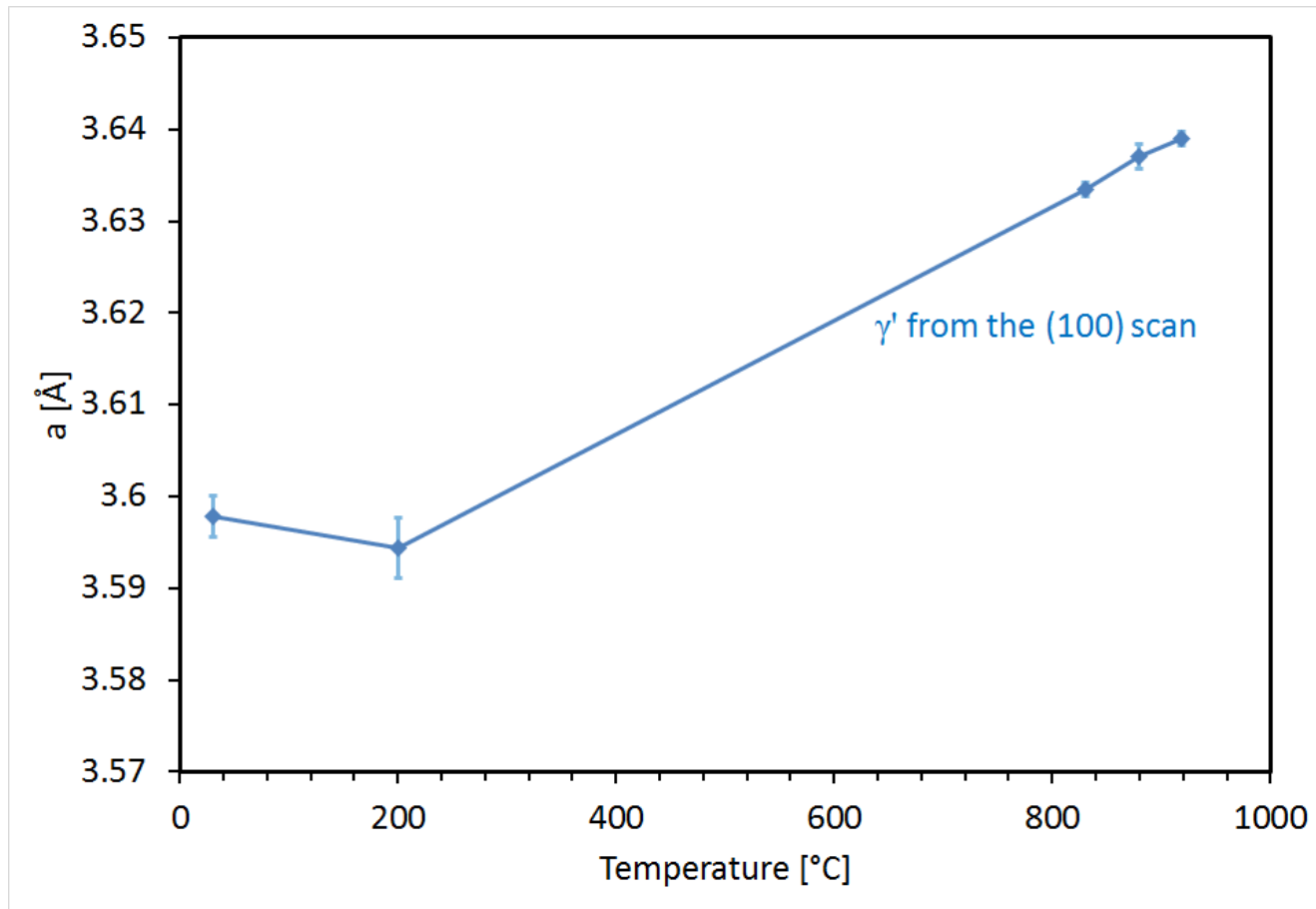
18 September 2018

Three peaks?

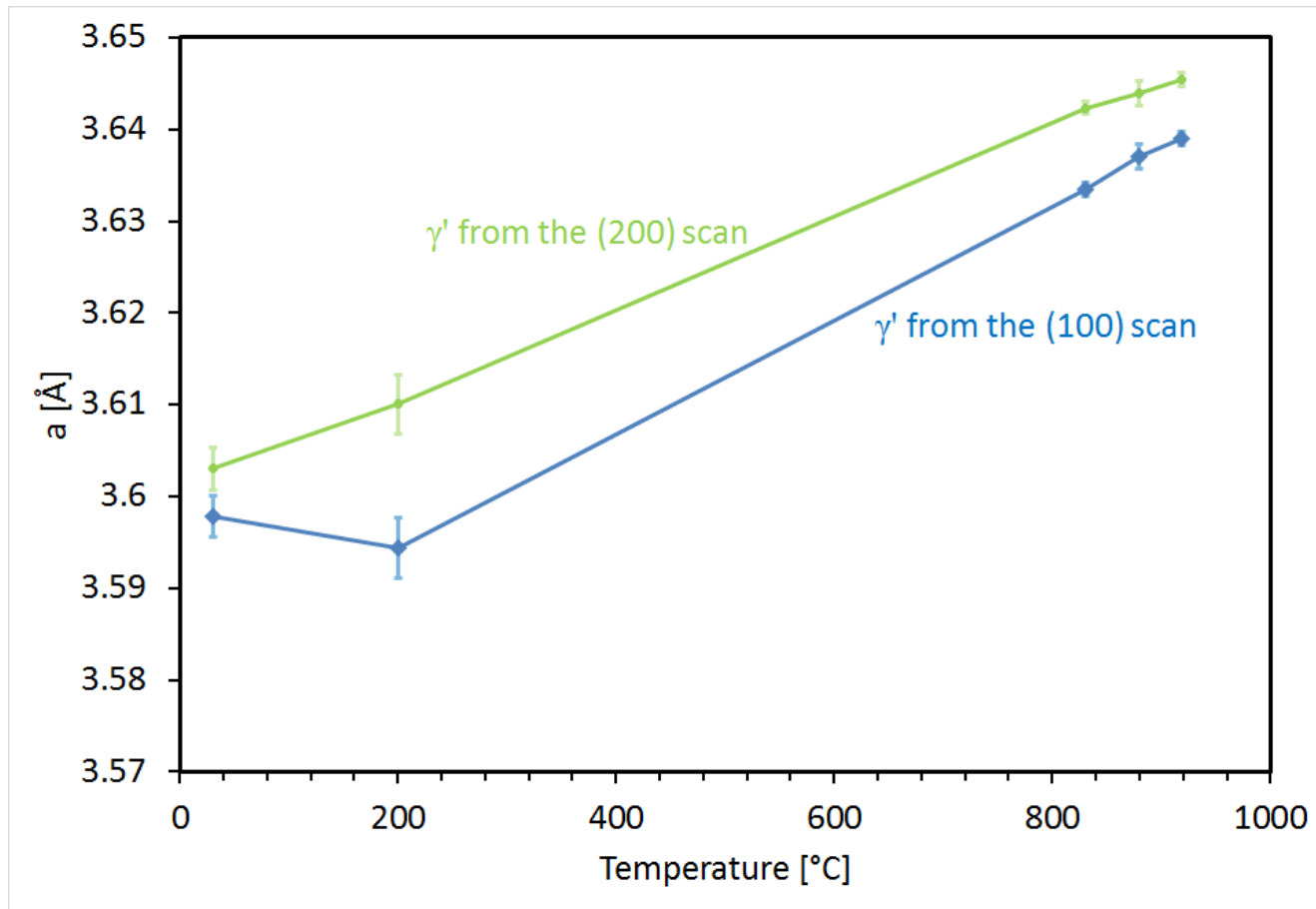


Base alloy, Peak (200), room temperature

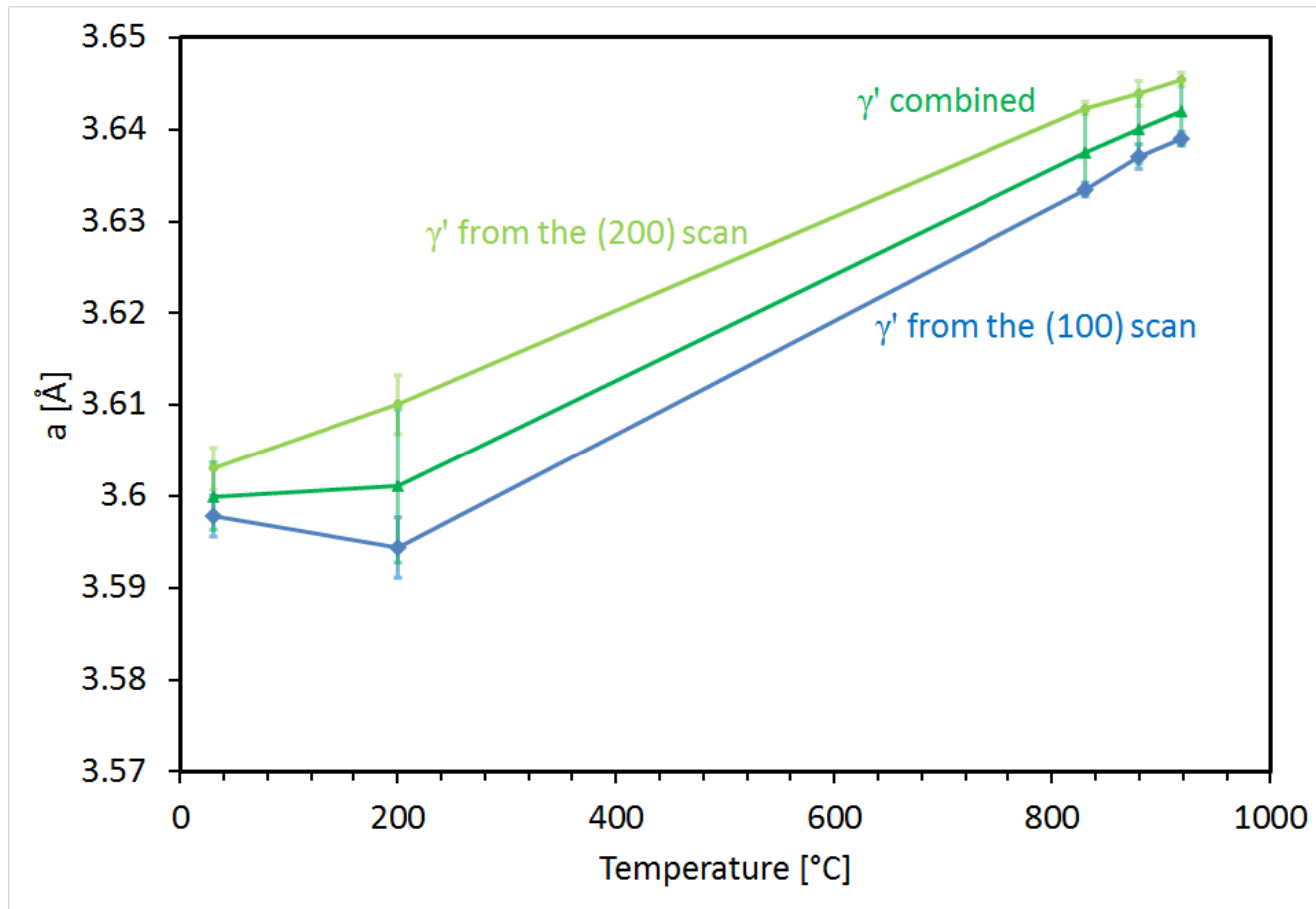
Difficulties



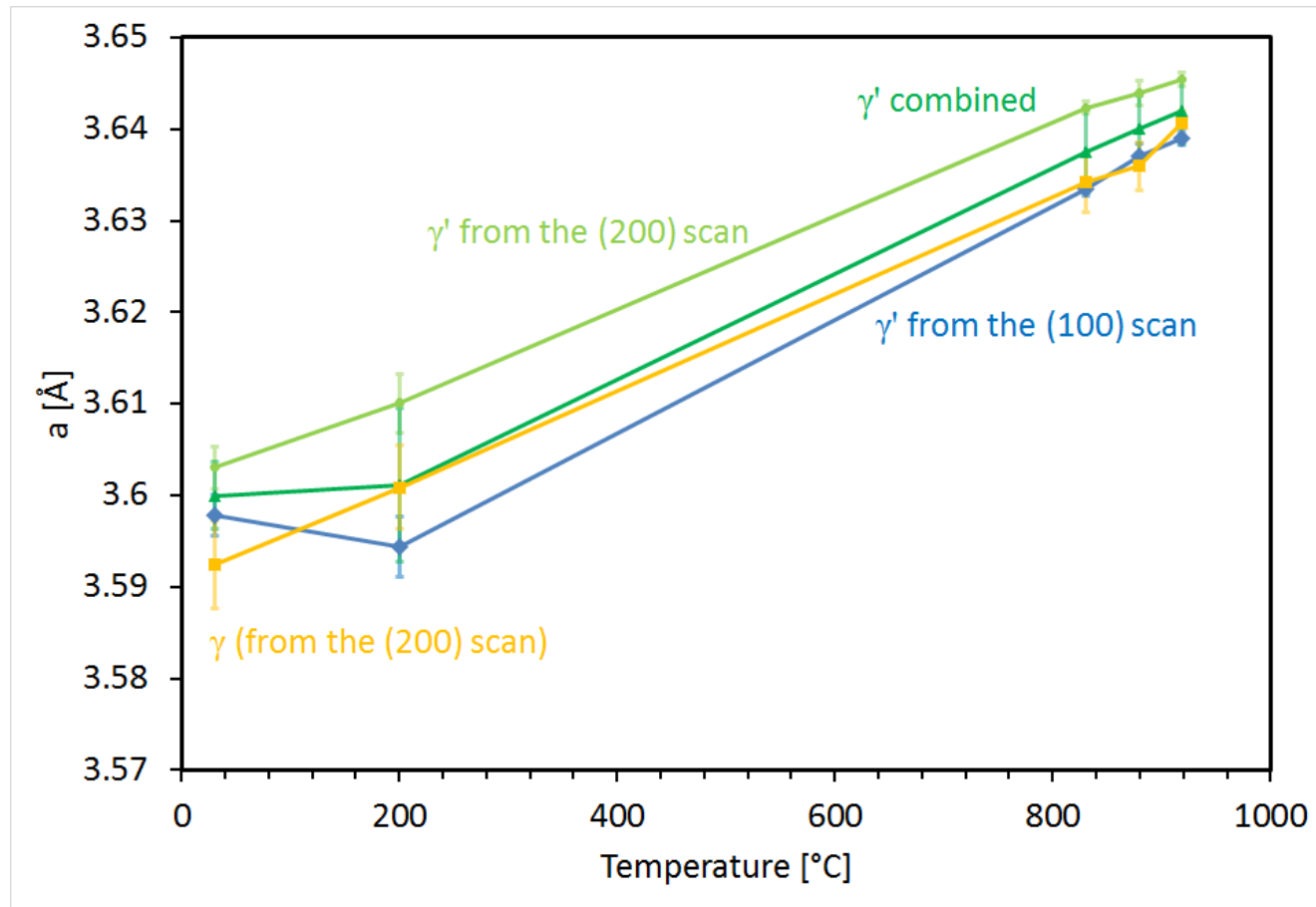
Difficulties



Difficulties

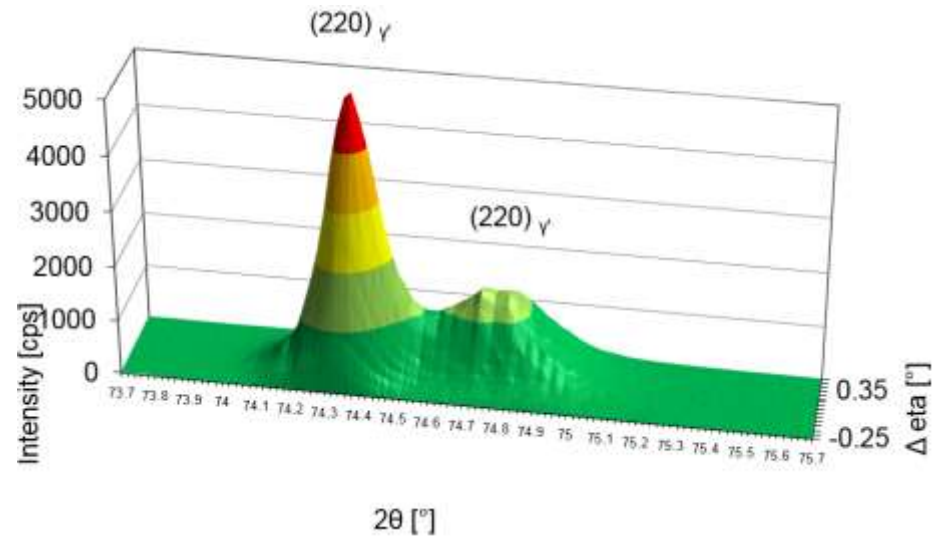


Difficulties

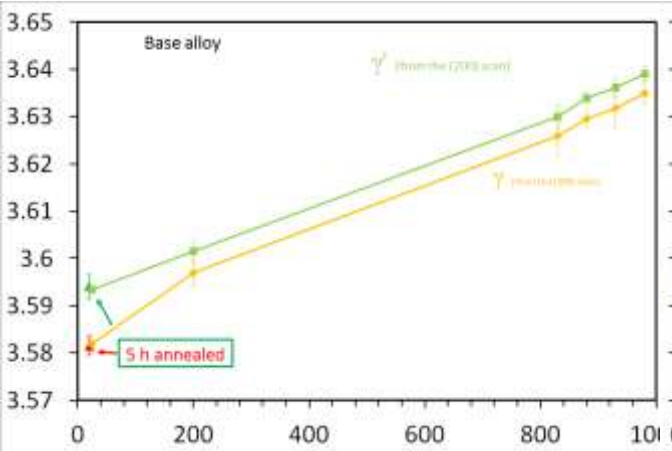


Difficulties - Peak shapes before and after experiment

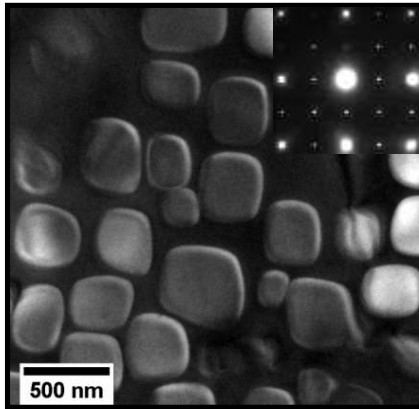
before



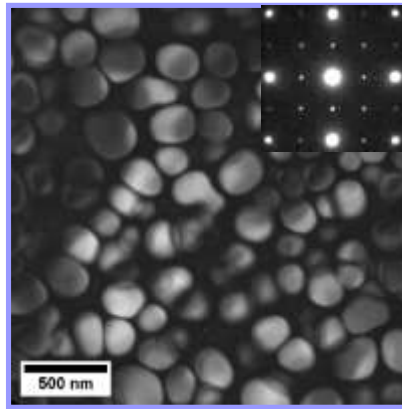
Evolution of the lattice parameters



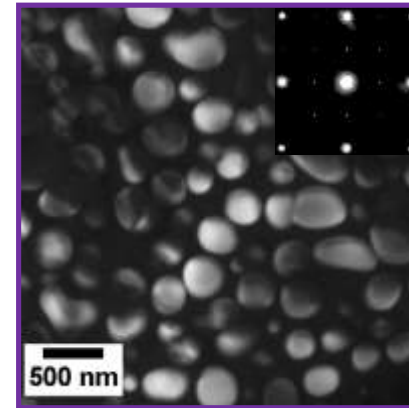
The γ - γ' morphology



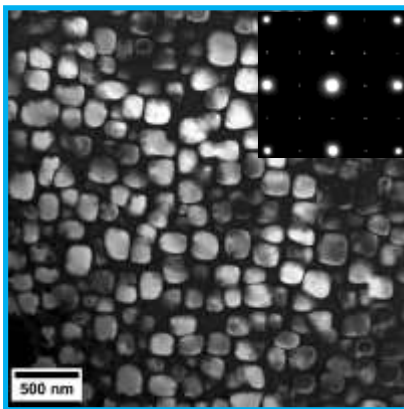
Pure
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Ann 900°C 50 h



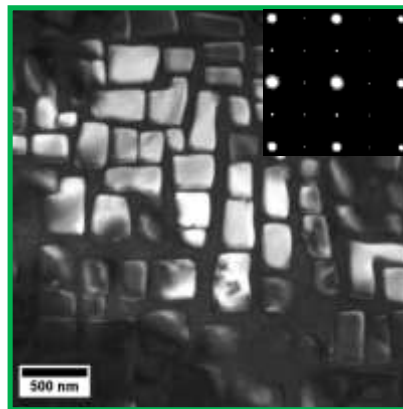
With 1 at.% Mo
Ann 900°C 5 h



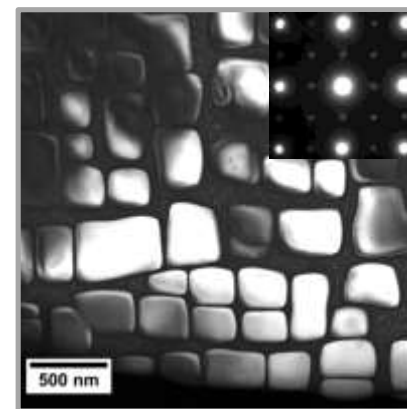
With 1 at.% Mo
Ann 900°C 100 h



With 1 at.% Zr
Ann 900°C 5 h

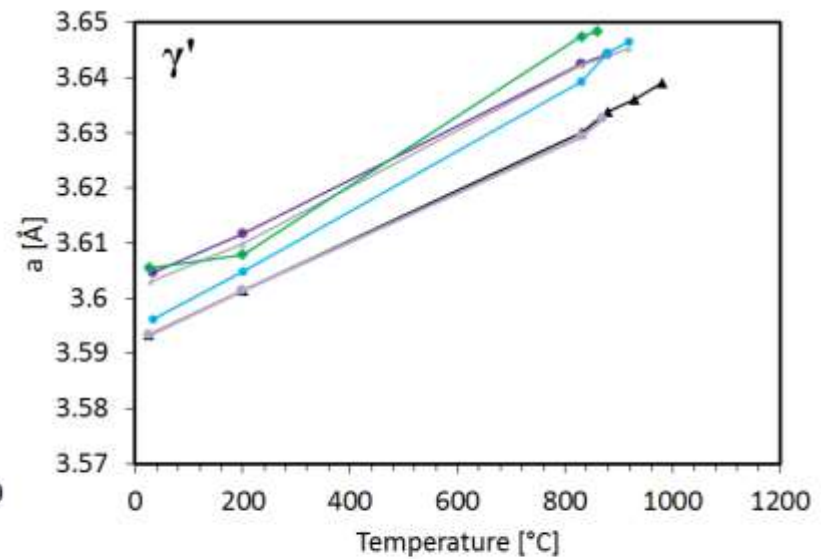
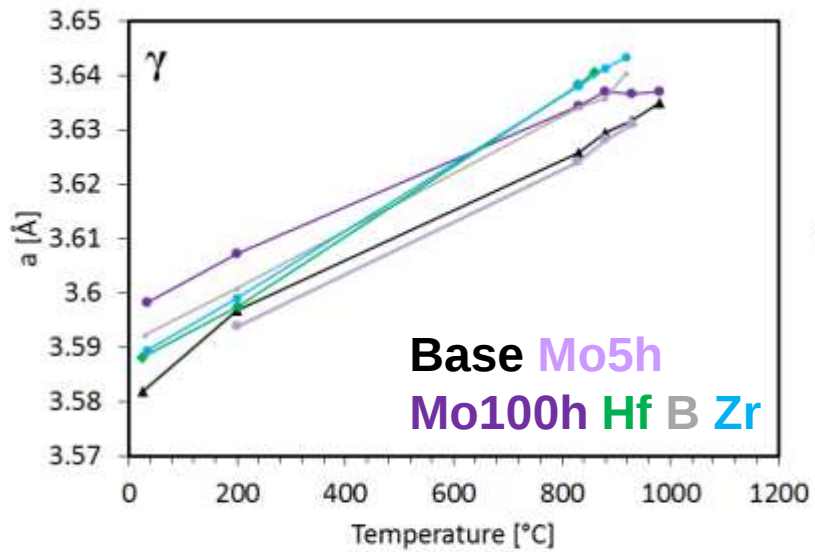


With 0.5 at.% Hf
Ann 900°C 50 h



With 0.5 at.% B
Ann 900°C 100 h

Evolution of the lattice parameters



-Measuring the lattice misfit requires high precision tools...
and a lot of time to exploit the results!



Thank you!